



- Legend**
- Study Area
 - 20 Foot Contour
 - Wetland Continuation Line
 - Delineated Wetland (Summer)
 - Delineated Watercourse (Summer)

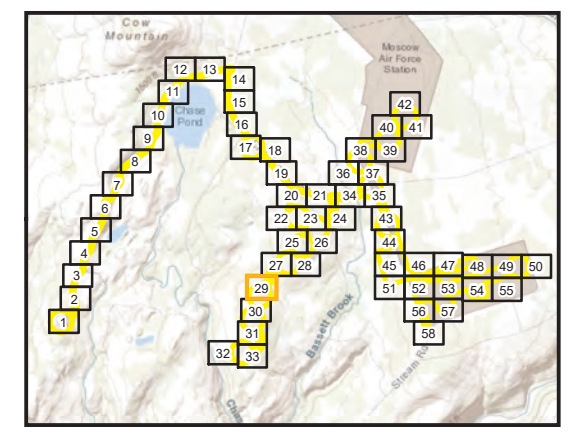


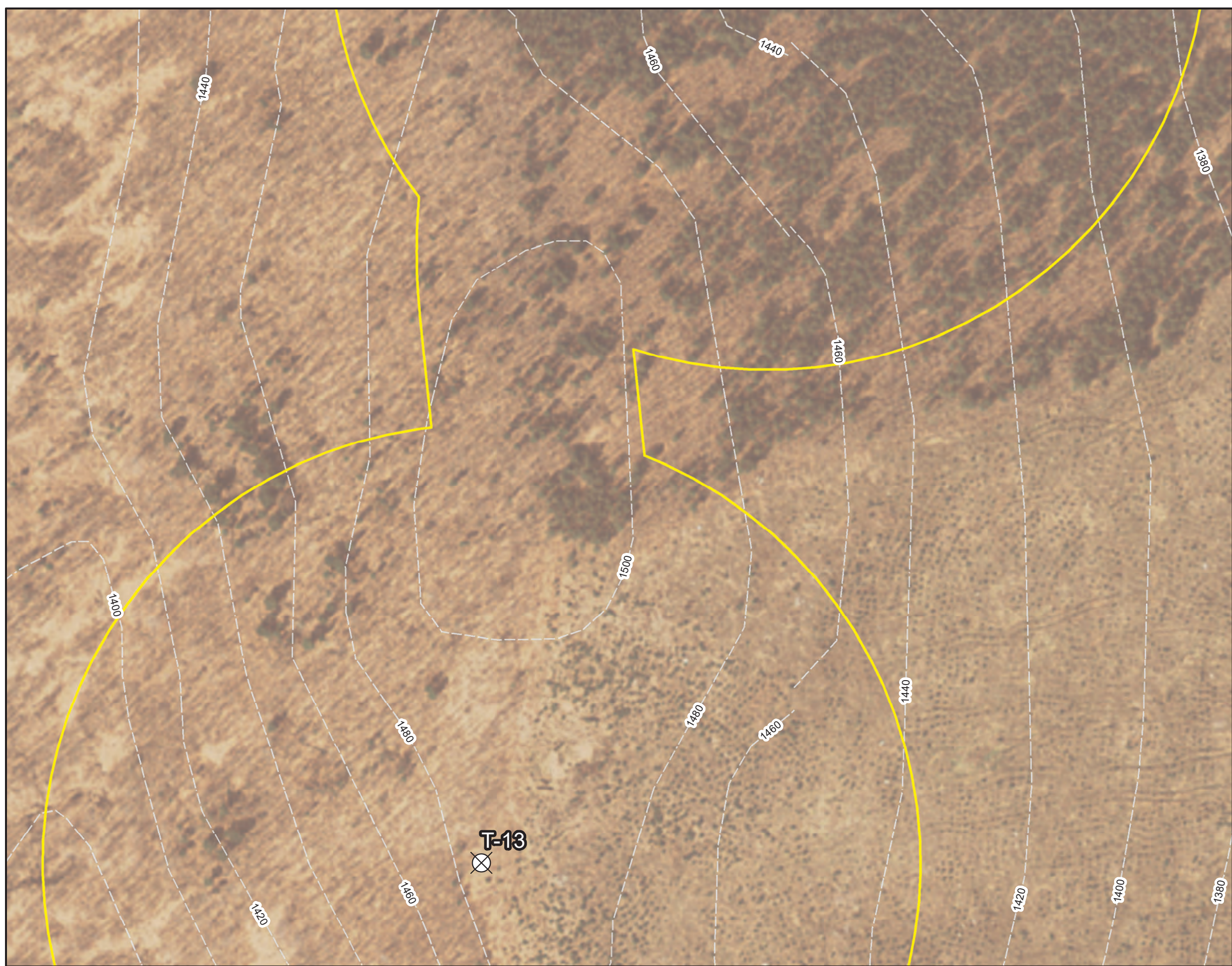
Figure 3
Sheet 29 of 58
Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Prepared For:

Prepared By: **TETRA TECH** Date: **05/2021**

Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21; Western Maine Renewables, 2021

Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984 Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 19 North



Legend

- Study Area
- 20 Foot Contour
- Turbine Location

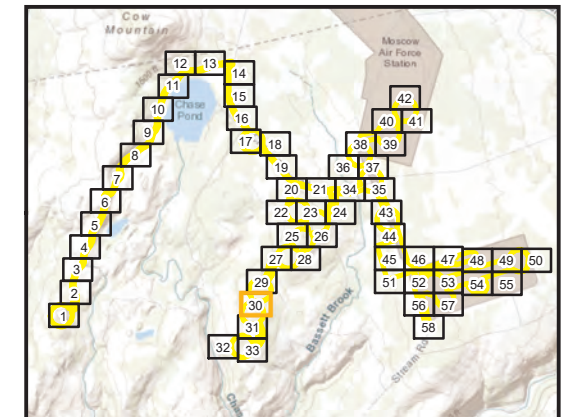


Figure 3
Sheet 30 of 58
Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Prepared For:

Prepared By:

Date:
05/2021

Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21;
 Western Maine Renewables, 2021

Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984
 Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 19 North



Legend

- Study Area
- 20 Foot Contour
- Natural Vernal Pool
- Delineated Watercourse

N

0 125 250 Feet

Figure 3
Sheet 31 of 58
Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Prepared For:

Prepared By:	Date: 05/2021
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Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21; Western Maine Renewables, 2021

Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984
 Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 19 North



- Legend**
- Study Area
 - 20 Foot Contour
 - Delineated Wetland (Summer)

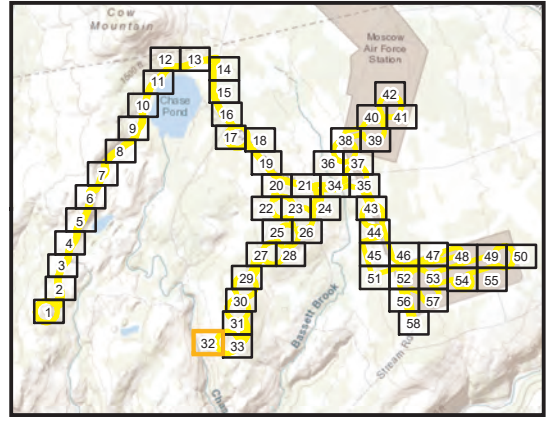


Figure 3
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Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

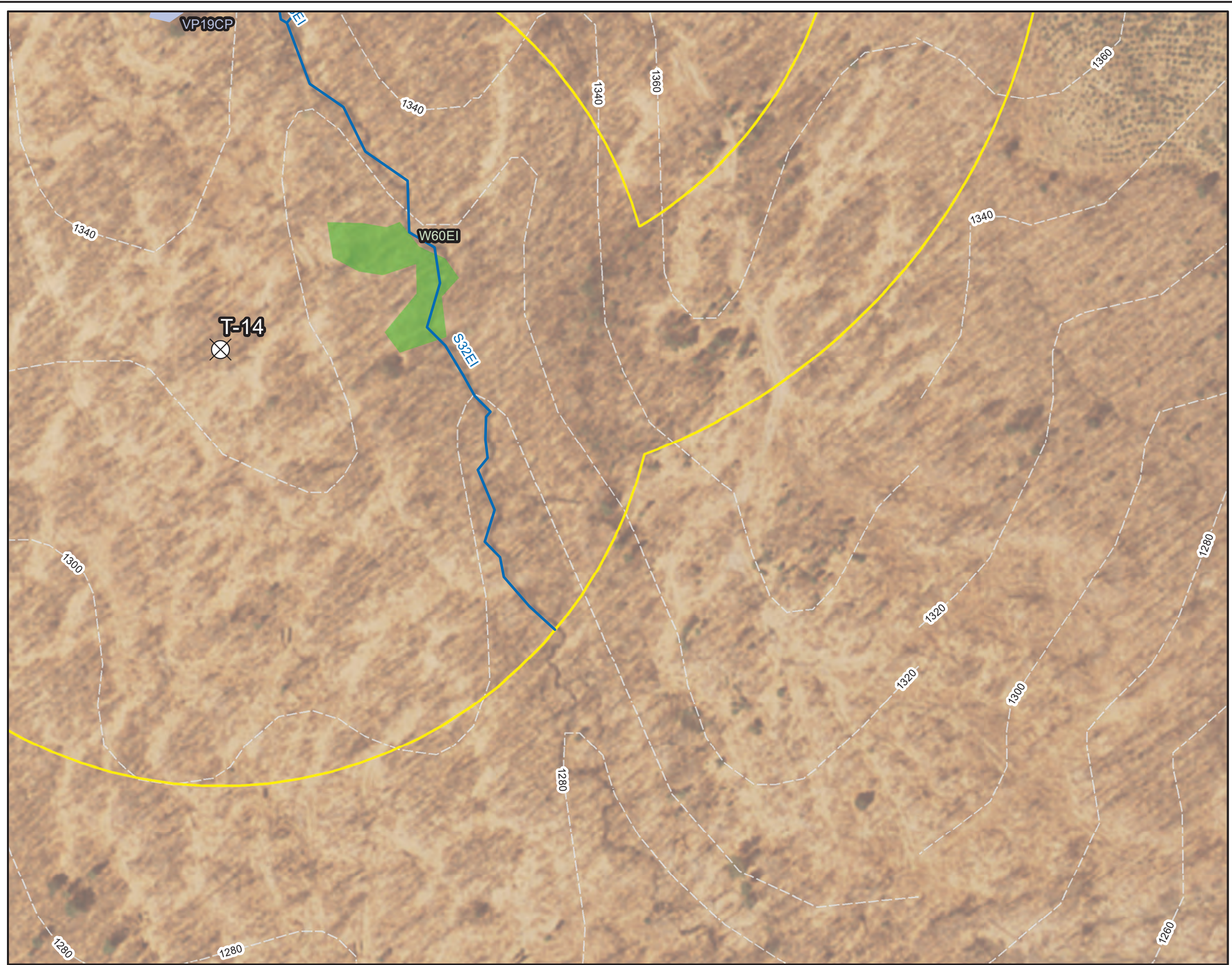
Prepared For:

Prepared By:

Date:
05/2021

Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21;
 Western Maine Renewables, 2021

Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984
 Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 19 North



Legend

- Study Area
- 20 Foot Contour
- X Turbine Location
- Natural Vernal Pool
- Delineated Wetland
- Delineated Watercourse

N

0 125 250 Feet

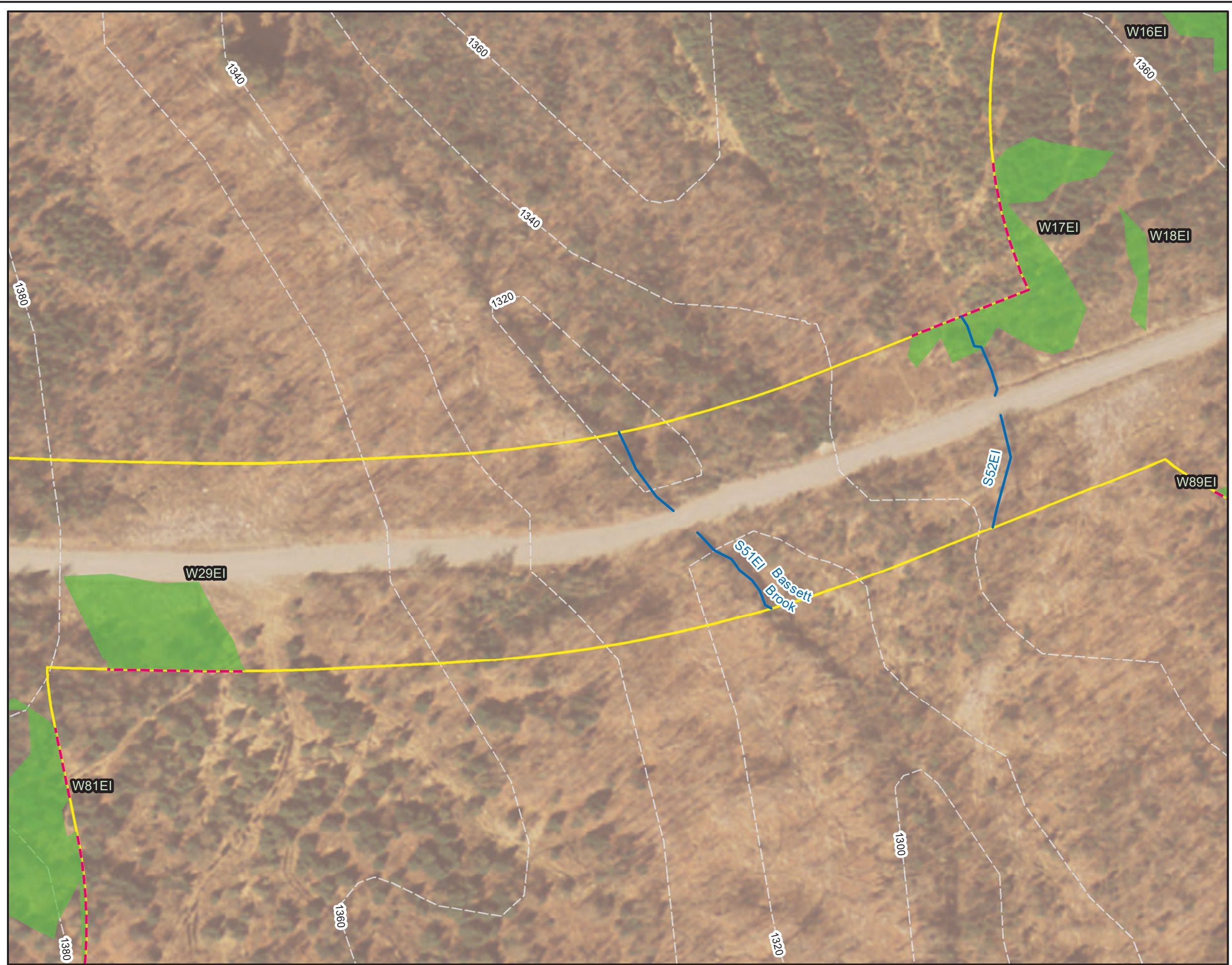
Figure 3
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Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Prepared For:

Prepared By: **TETRA TECH** Date: **05/2021**

Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21; Western Maine Renewables, 2021

Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984
 Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 19 North



Legend

- Study Area
- 20 Foot Contour
- Wetland Continuation Line
- Delineated Wetland (Summer)
- Delineated Watercourse (Summer)

N

0 125 250 Feet

Figure 3
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Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Prepared For:

Prepared By: **TETRA TECH** Date: **05/2021**

Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21; Western Maine Renewables, 2021

Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984
 Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 19 North



- Legend**
- Study Area
 - 20 Foot Contour
 - X Turbine Location
 - Wetland Continuation Line
 - Delineated Wetland (Summer)

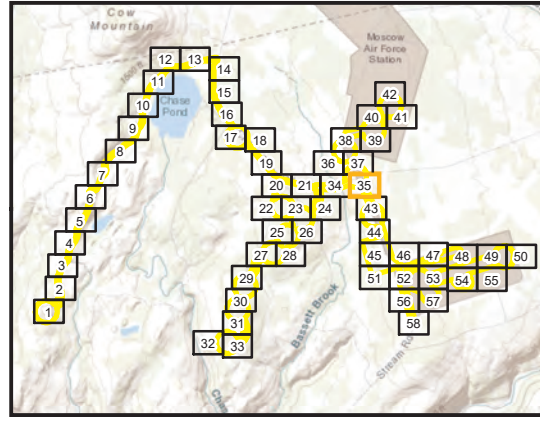


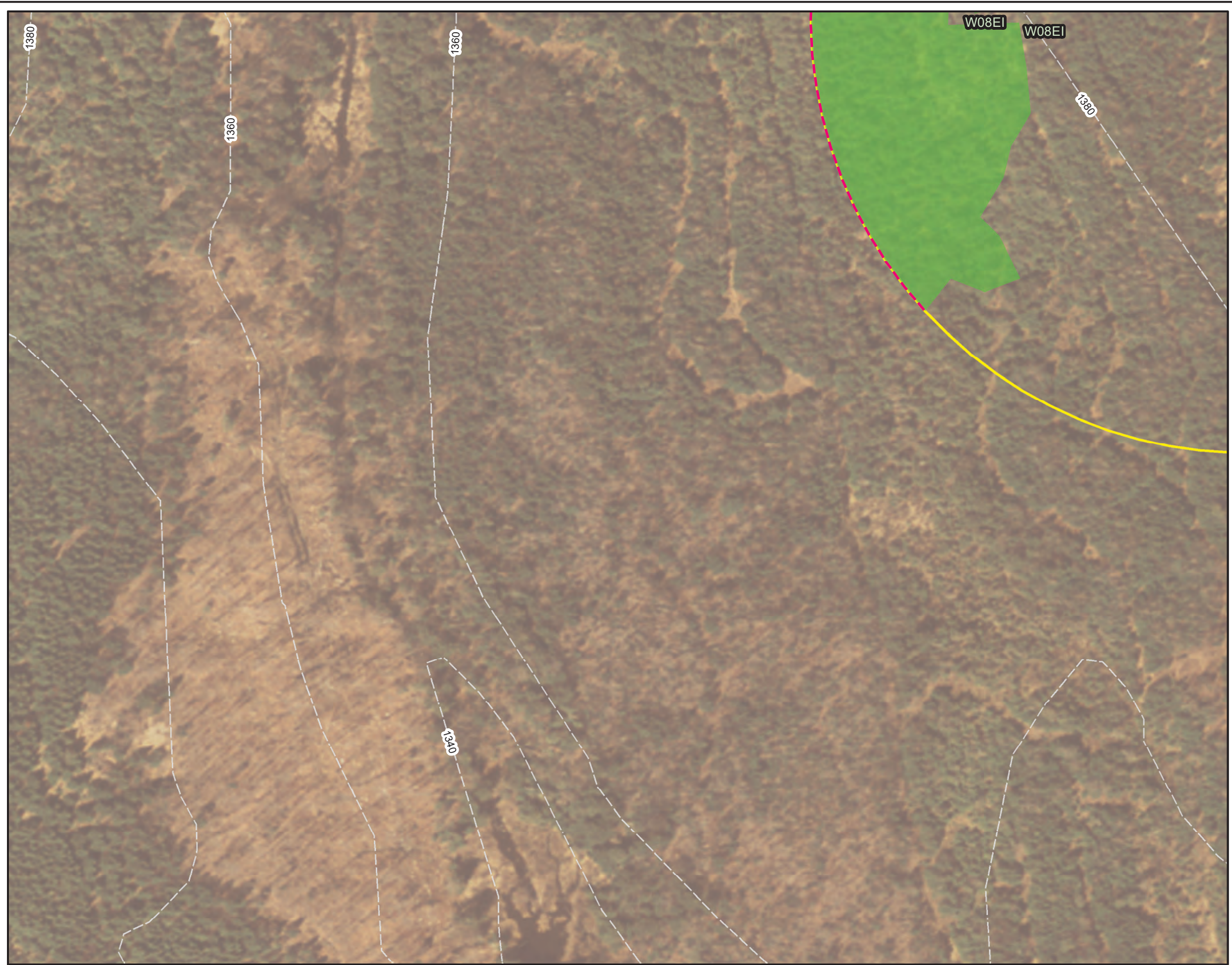
Figure 3
Sheet 35 of 58
Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Prepared For:

Prepared By: **TETRA TECH** **Date:**
05/2021

Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21; Western Maine Renewables, 2021

Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984 Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 19 North



Legend

- Study Area
- 20 Foot Contour
- Wetland Continuation Line
- Delineated Wetland (Summer)

N

Feet

0 125 250

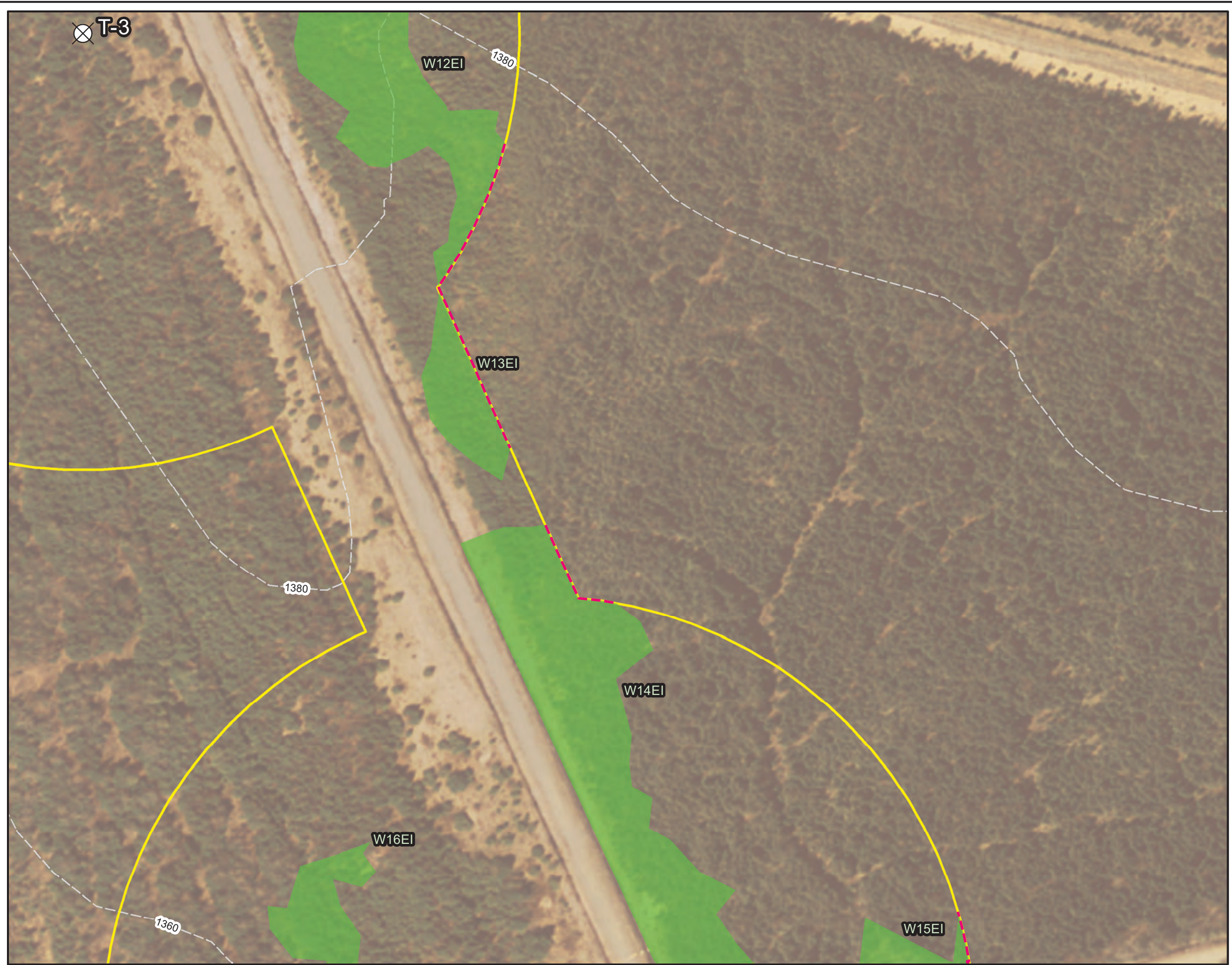
Figure 3
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Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Prepared For:

Prepared By:	Date: 05/2021
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Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21;
Western Maine Renewables, 2021

Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984
Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 19 North



Legend

- Study Area
- 20 Foot Contour
- X Turbine Location
- Wetland Continuation Line
- Delineated Wetland

N

0 125 250 Feet

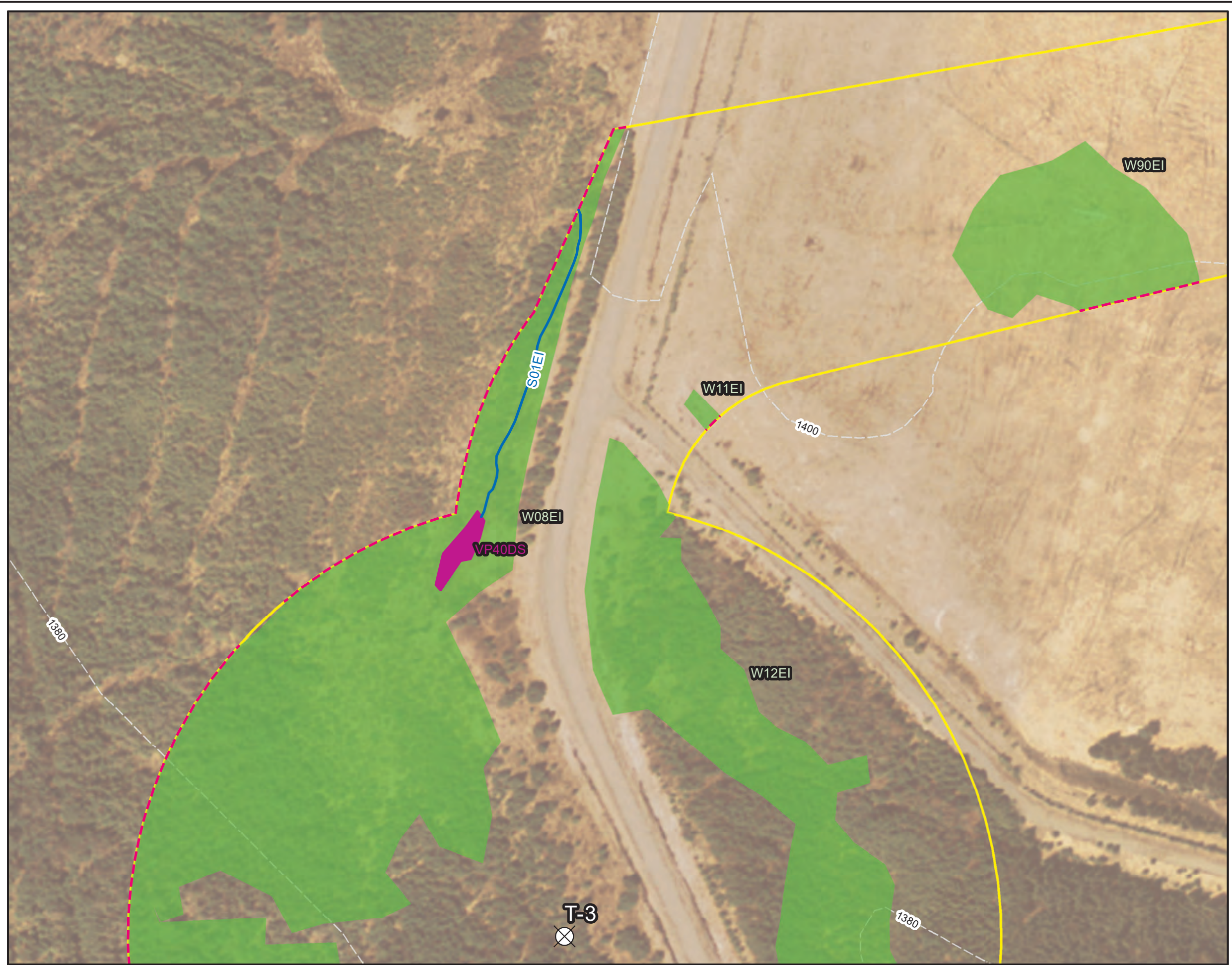
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Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Prepared For:

Prepared By: **TETRA TECH** Date: **05/2021**

Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21; Western Maine Renewables, 2021

Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984
 Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 19 North



Legend

- Study Area
- 20 Foot Contour
- Turbine Location
- Wetland Continuation Line
- Natural-modified Vernal Pool
- Delineated Wetland (Summer)
- Delineated Watercourse

N

0 125 250 Feet

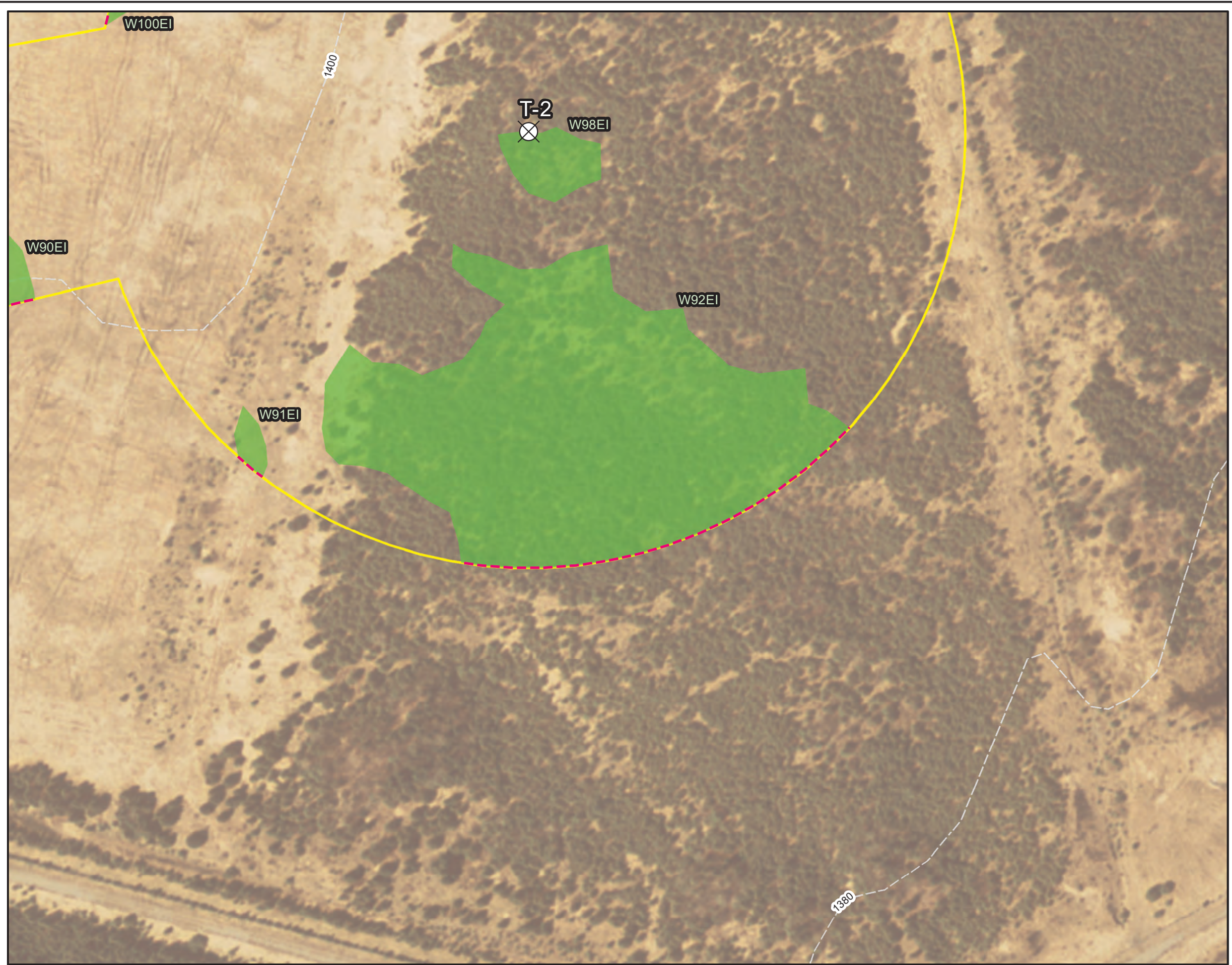
Figure 3
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Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Prepared For:

Prepared By: **TETRA TECH** Date: **05/2021**

Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21; Western Maine Renewables, 2021

Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984
 Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 19 North



- Legend**
- Study Area
 - 20 Foot Contour
 - X Turbine Location
 - Wetland Continuation Line
 - Delineated Wetland (Summer)

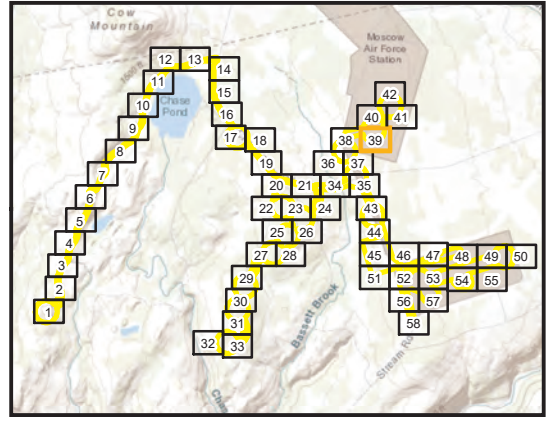


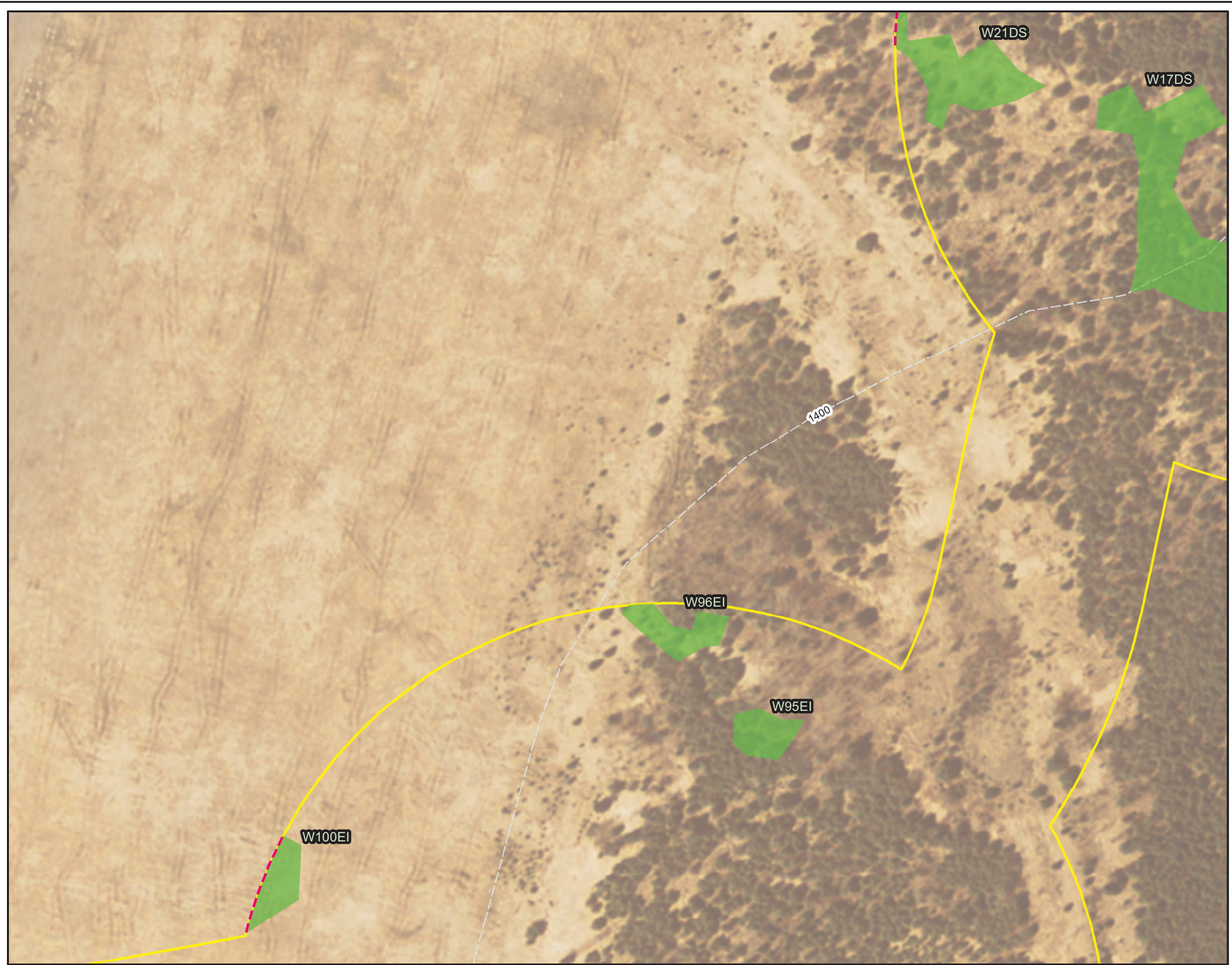
Figure 3
Sheet 39 of 58
Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Prepared For:

Prepared By: **TETRA TECH** Date: **05/2021**

Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21; Western Maine Renewables, 2021

Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984 Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 19 North



Legend

- Study Area
- 20 Foot Contour
- Wetland Continuation Line
- Delineated Wetland (Summer)

Figure 3
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Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

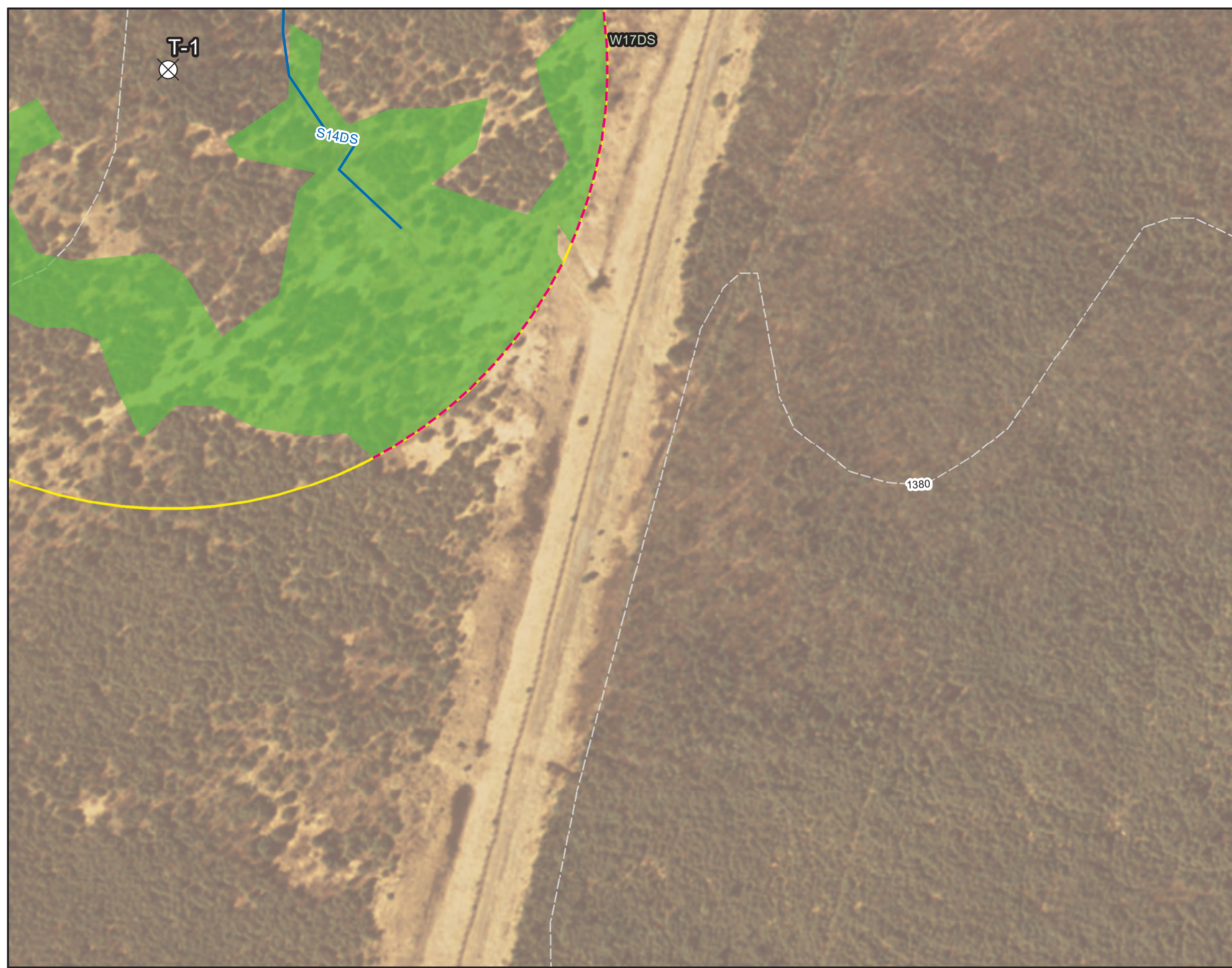
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Prepared By: **TETRA TECH** Date: **05/2021**







Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21; Western Maine Renewables, 2021

Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984
 Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 19 North

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Legend

-  Study Area
-  20 Foot Contour
-  Turbine Location
-  Wetland Continuation Line
-  Delineated Wetland (Summer)
-  Delineated Watercourse (Summer)

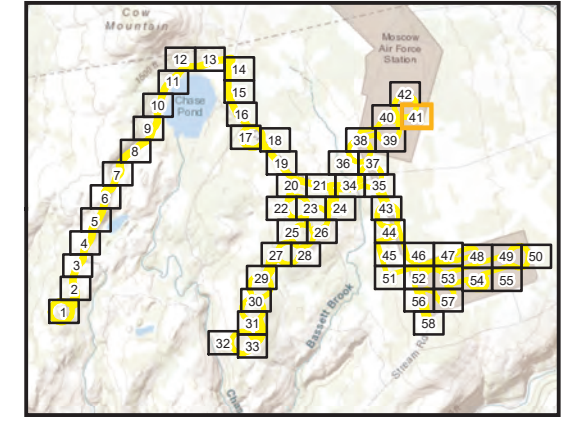


Figure 3
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Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Prepared For: 

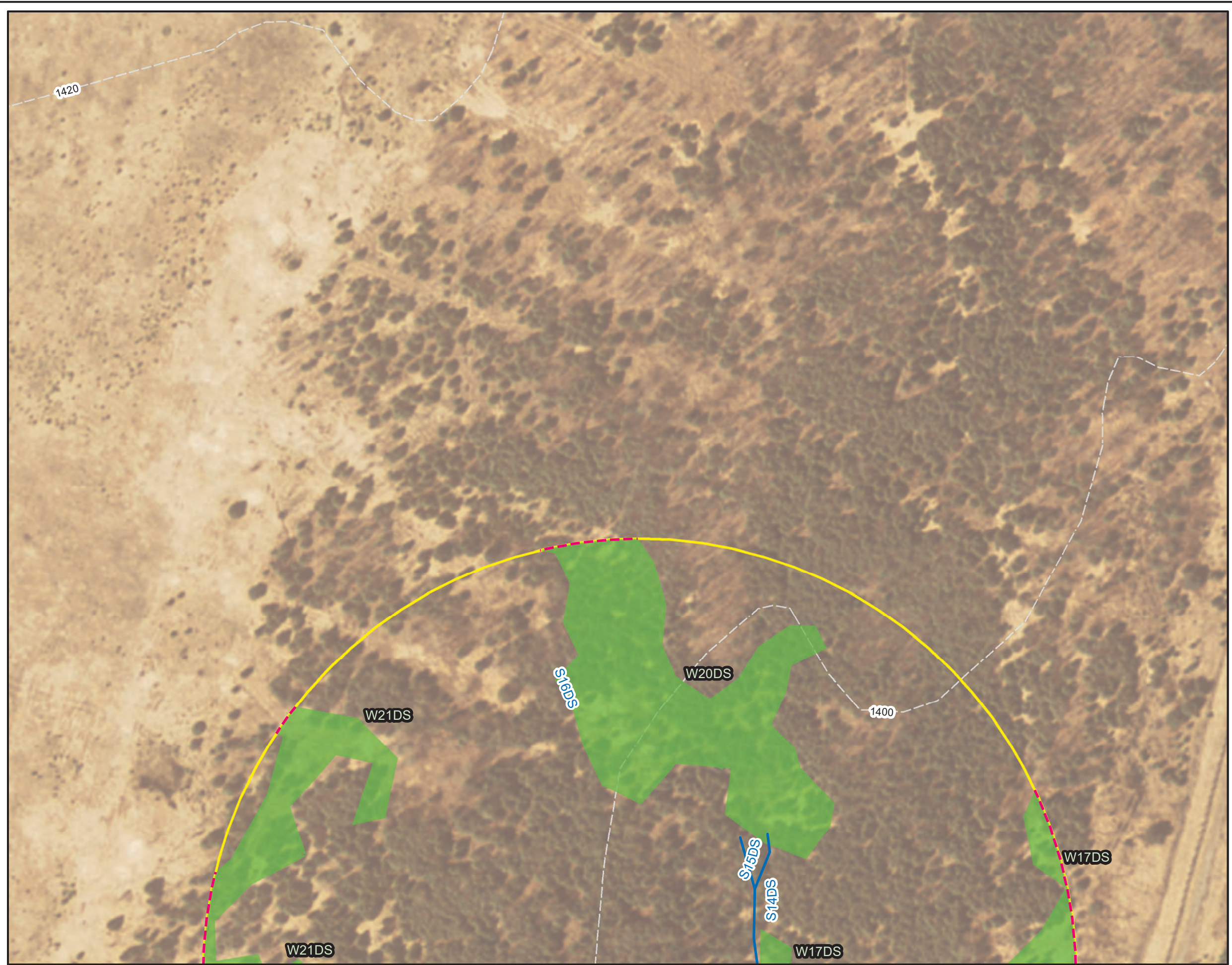
Prepared By: 

Date:
05/2021

Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21; Western Maine Renewables, 2021

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Legend

- Study Area
- 20 Foot Contour
- Turbine Location
- Wetland Continuation Line
- Delineated Wetland (Summer)
- Delineated Watercourse (Summer)

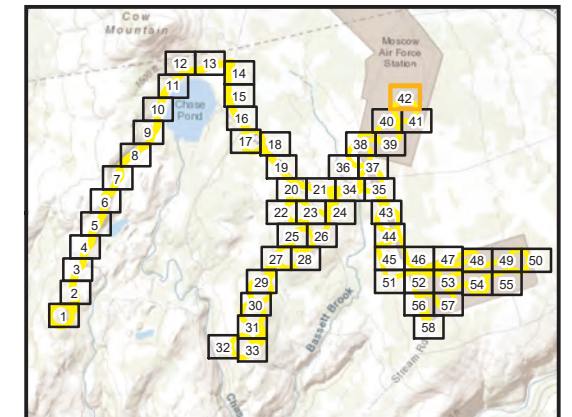


Figure 3
Sheet 42 of 58
Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Prepared For:

Prepared By: **TETRA TECH** Date: **05/2021**

Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21; Western Maine Renewables, 2021

Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984
 Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 19 North



- Legend**
- Study Area
 - 20 Foot Contour
 - X Turbine Location
 - Wetland Continuation Line
 - Delineated Wetland (Summer)
 - Delineated Watercourse (Summer)

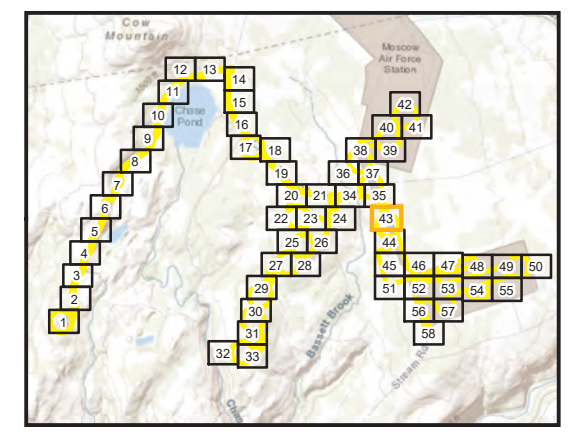


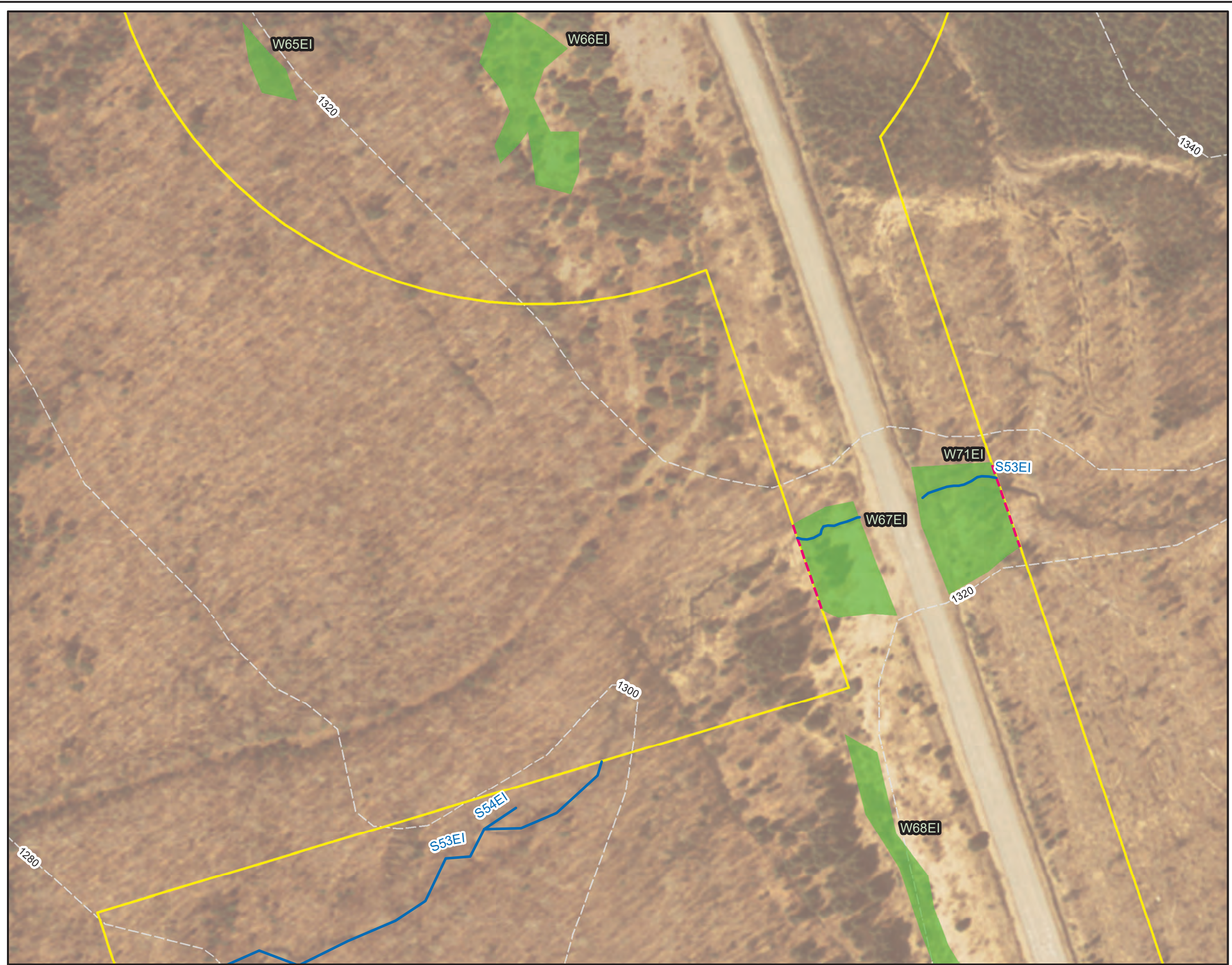
Figure 3
Sheet 43 of 58
Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Prepared For:

Prepared By:	Date: 05/2021
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Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21; Western Maine Renewables, 2021

Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984
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- Legend**
- Study Area
 - 20 Foot Contour
 - Wetland Continuation Line
 - Delineated Wetland (Summer)
 - Delineated Watercourse (Summer)

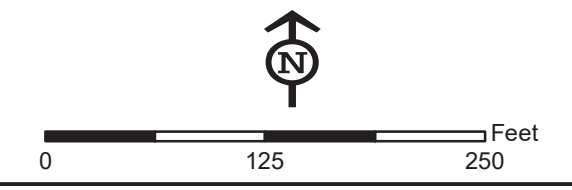
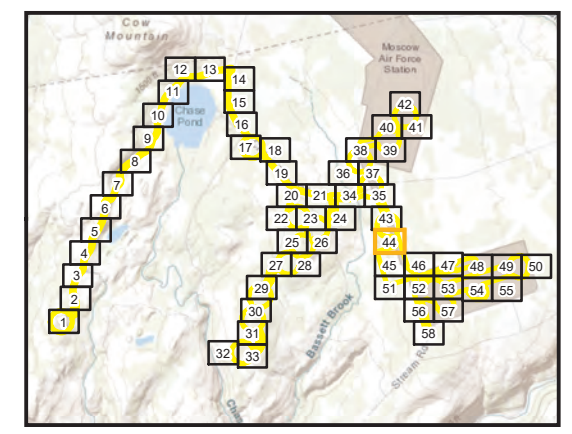


Figure 3
Sheet 44 of 58
Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Prepared For:

Prepared By: **TETRA TECH** Date: **05/2021**

Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21; Western Maine Renewables, 2021

Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984
 Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 19 North



Legend

- Study Area
- 20 Foot Contour
- NECEC Wetland
- Non-natural Vernal Pool
- Delineated Wetland (Summer)
- Delineated Watercourse (Summer)

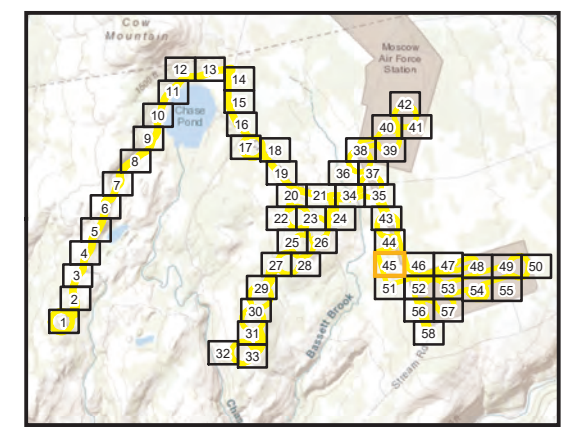


Figure 3
Sheet 45 of 58
Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Prepared For:

Prepared By: **TETRA TECH** Date: **05/2021**

Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21; Western Maine Renewables, 2021

Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984 Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 19 North



Legend

- Study Area
- NECEC Wetland

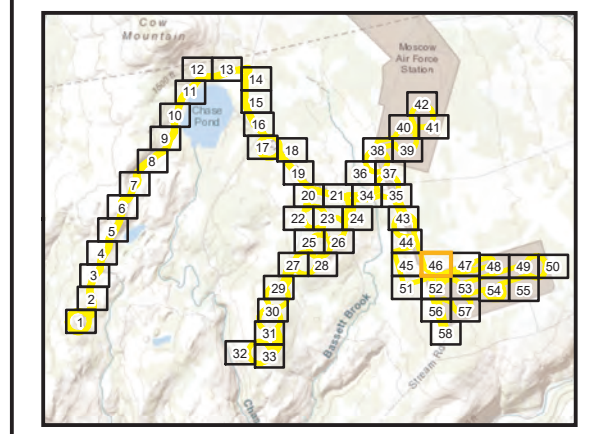


Figure 3
Sheet 46 of 58
Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Prepared For:

Prepared By:	Date: 05/2021
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Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21; Western Maine Renewables, 2021

Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984
 Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 19 North

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Legend

- Study Area
- 20 Foot Contour
- NECEC Wetland
- Delineated Wetland (Summer)
- Delineated Wetland (Winter)

N

0 125 250 Feet

Figure 3
Sheet 47 of 58
Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Prepared For:

Prepared By:	Date: 05/2021
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Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21; Western Maine Renewables, 2021

Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984
 Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 19 North



Legend

- Study Area
- 20 Foot Contour
- NECEC Wetland

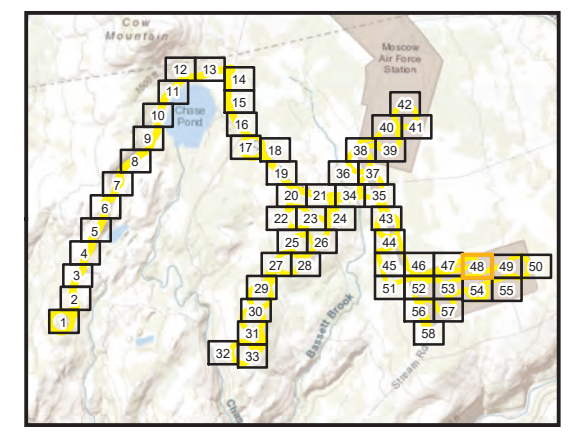


Figure 3
Sheet 48 of 58
Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Prepared For:

Prepared By: **TETRA TECH** **Date:** **05/2021**






Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21; Western Maine Renewables, 2021

Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984 Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 19 North

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Legend

-  Study Area
-  20 Foot Contour
-  Turbine Location
-  Wetland Continuation Line
-  Delineated Wetland (Winter)

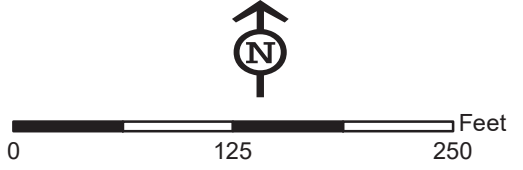
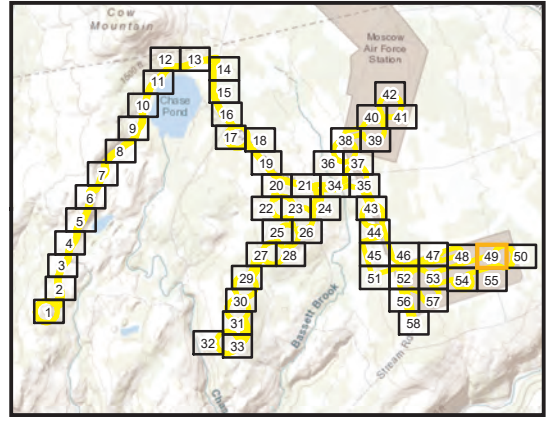


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Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Prepared For: 

Prepared By:  **TETRA TECH** Date: **05/2021**

Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21; Western Maine Renewables, 2021

Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984
 Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 19 North



Legend

- Study Area
- 20 Foot Contour
- Wetland Continuation Line
- Delineated Wetland (Winter)

N

0 125 250 Feet

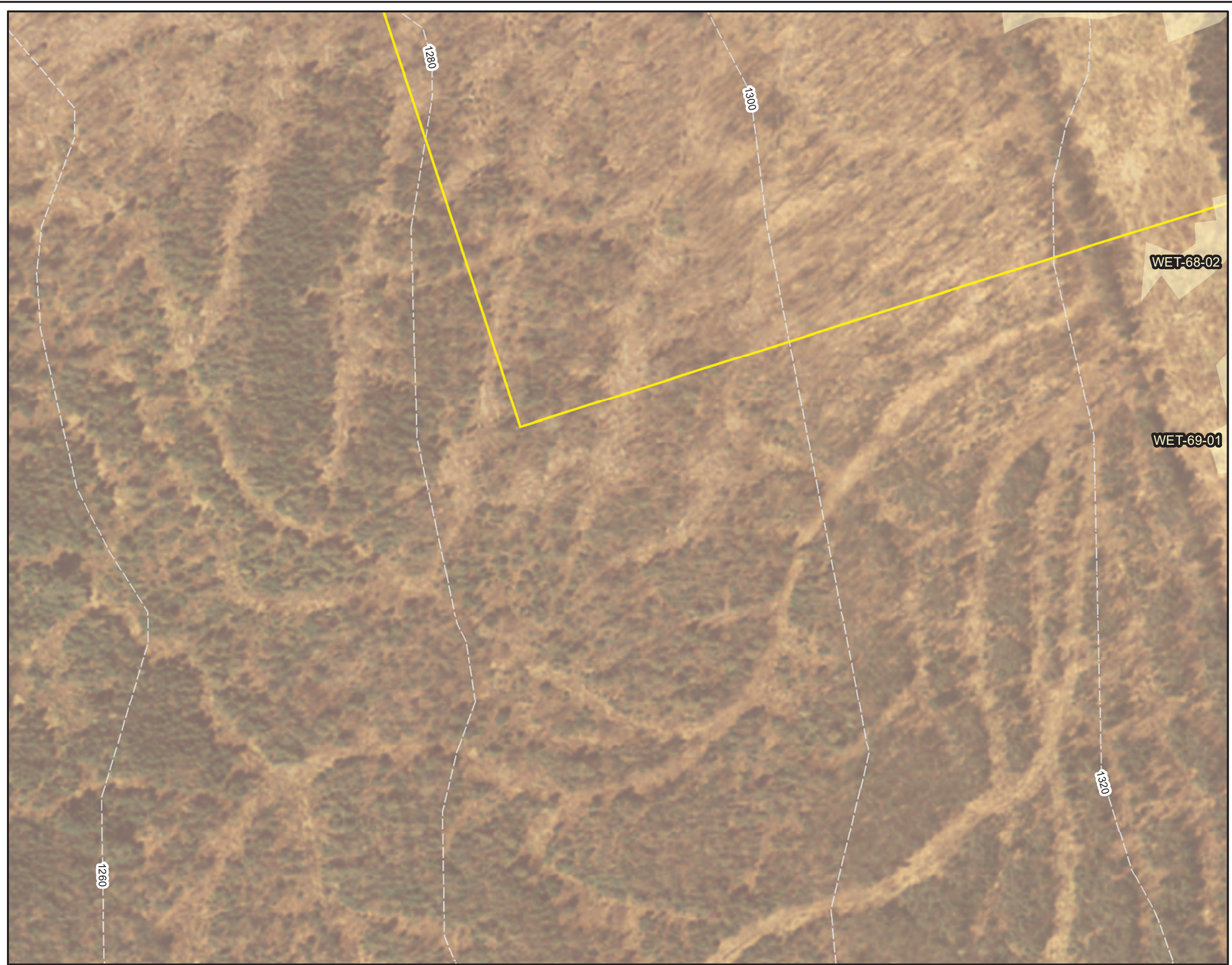
Figure 3
Sheet 50 of 58
Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Prepared For:

Prepared By: **TETRA TECH** Date: **05/2021**

Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21; Western Maine Renewables, 2021

Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984
 Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 19 North



Legend

- Study Area
- 20 Foot Contour
- NECEC Wetland

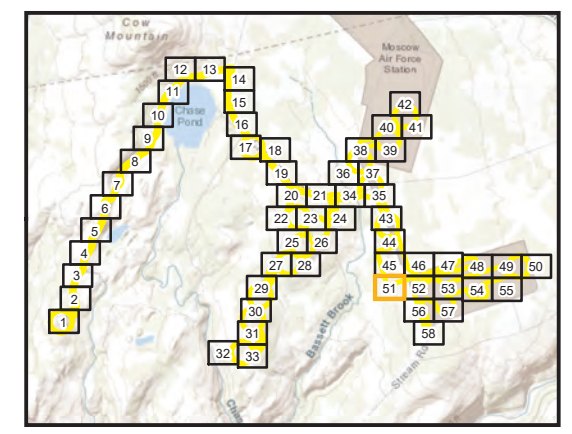


Figure 3
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Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

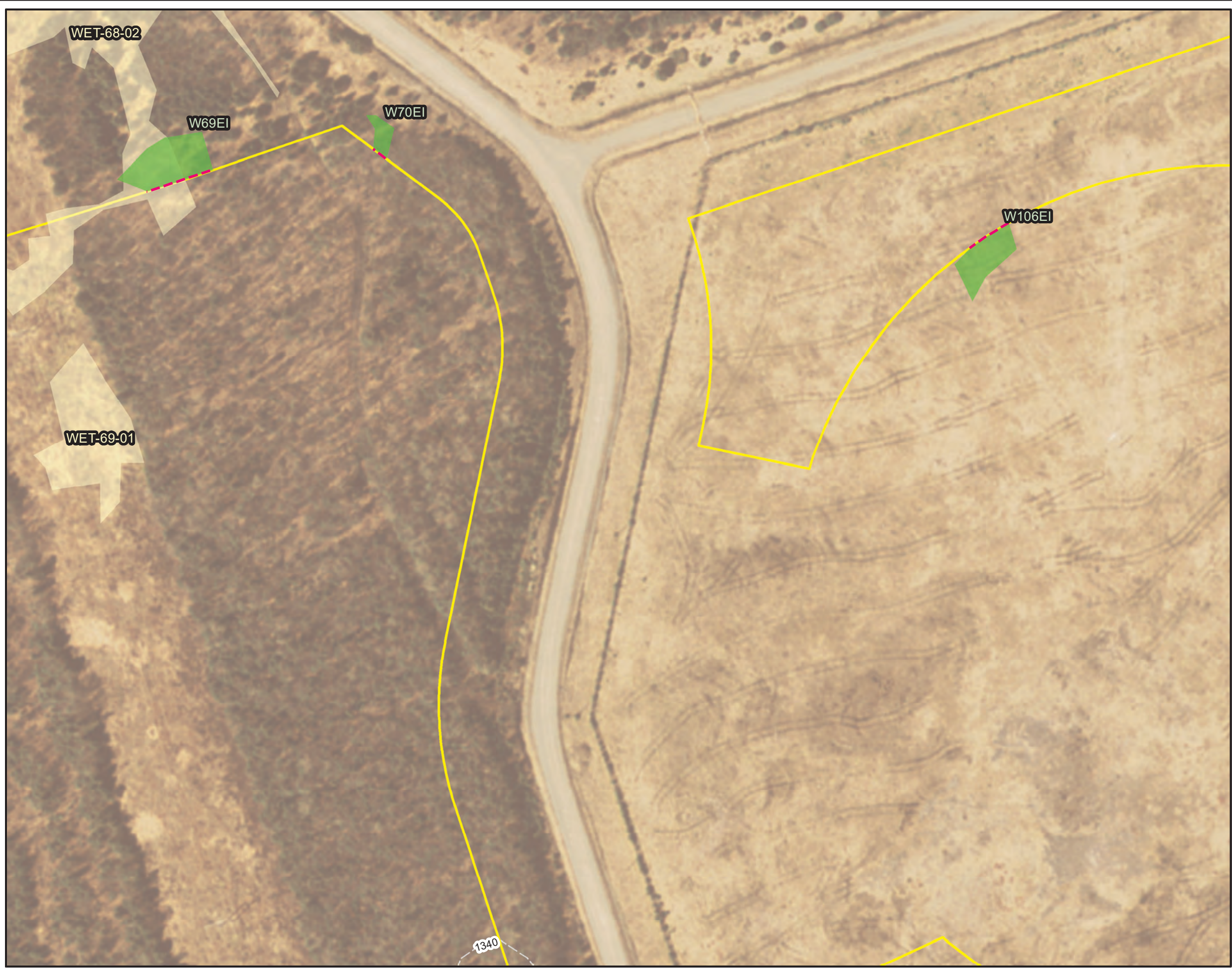
Prepared For:

Prepared By:	Date: 05/2021
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Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21; Western Maine Renewables, 2021

Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984
 Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 19 North

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Legend

-  Study Area
-  20 Foot Contour
-  Wetland Continuation Line
-  NECEC Wetland
-  Delineated Wetland (Summer)

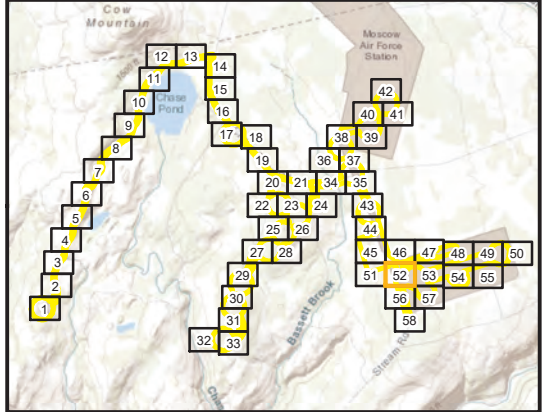


Figure 3
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Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

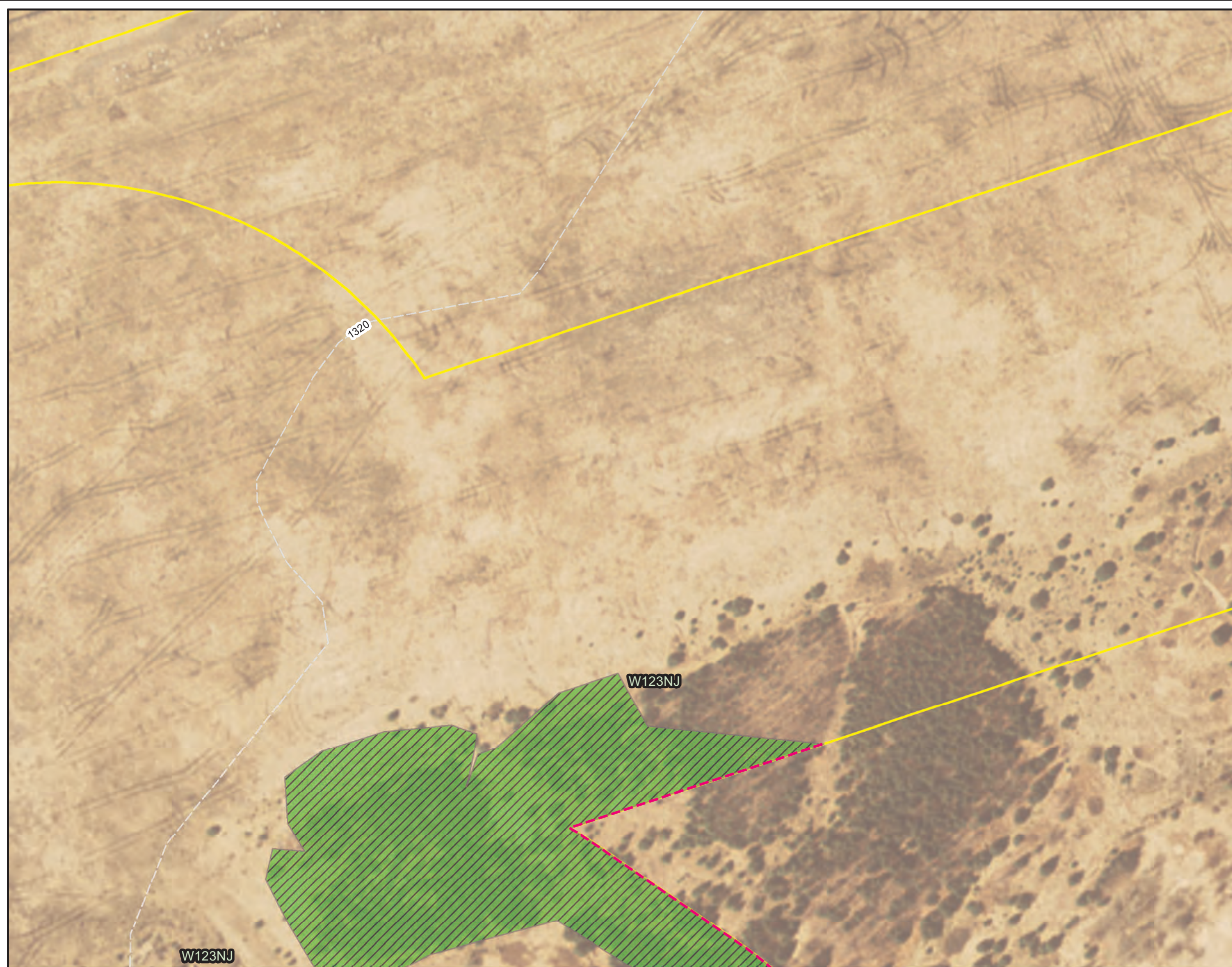
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Prepared By: 

Date:
05/2021

Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21; Western Maine Renewables, 2021

Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984
 Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 19 North



Legend

- Study Area
- 20 Foot Contour
- Wetland Continuation Line
- Delineated Wetland (Winter)

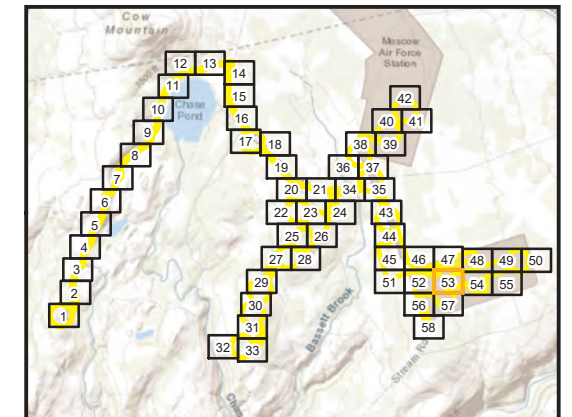


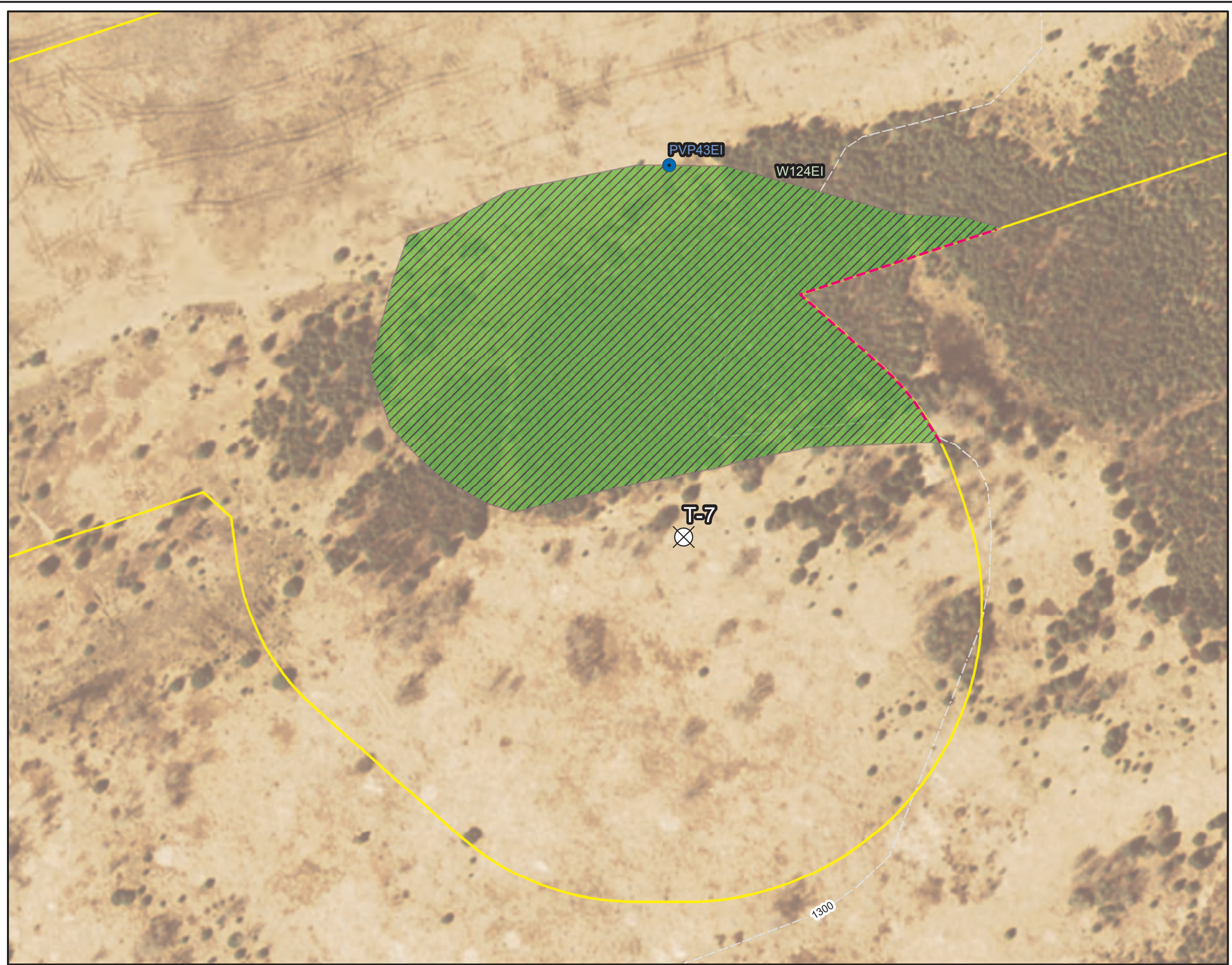
Figure 3
Sheet 53 of 58
Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Prepared For: 

Prepared By:  **TETRA TECH** Date: **05/2021**

Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21; Western Maine Renewables, 2021

Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984 Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 19 North



Legend

- Study Area
- 20 Foot Contour
- Turbine Location
- Wetland Continuation Line
- Potential Vernal Pool
- Delineated Wetland (Winter)

Figure 3
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Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Prepared For:


Prepared By: **TETRA TECH** Date: **05/2021**

Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21; Western Maine Renewables, 2021

Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984
 Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 19 North



Legend

 Study Area

 20 Foot Contour

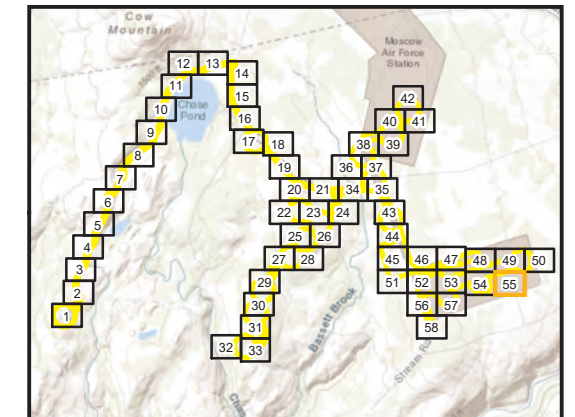


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Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Prepared For:



Prepared By:



Date:

05/2021

Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21;
 Western Maine Renewables, 2021

Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984
 Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 19 North

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Legend

- Study Area
- 20 Foot Contour
- NECEC Wetland

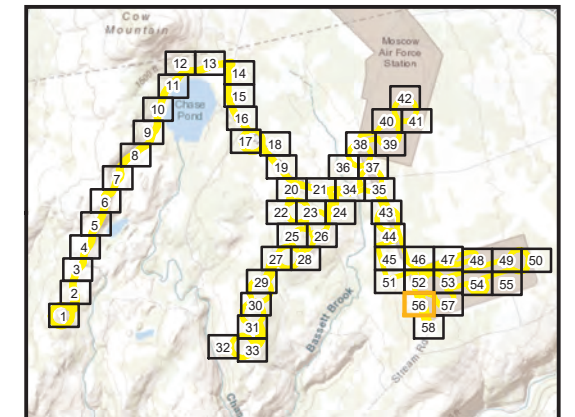


Figure 3
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Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Prepared For:






Prepared By:	Date: 05/2021
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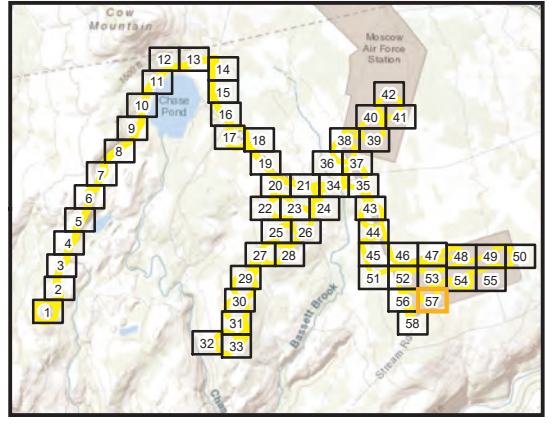
Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21;
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Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984
 Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 19 North



Legend

-  Study Area
-  20 Foot Contour
-  Turbine Location
-  Wetland Continuation Line
-  Delineated Wetland (Winter)





Feet

0 125 250

Figure 3
Sheet 57 of 58
Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Prepared For: 

Prepared By:  **TETRA TECH** Date: **05/2021**

Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21; Western Maine Renewables, 2021

Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984 Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 19 North

WET-69-02



Legend

- Study Area
- 20 Foot Contour
- NECEC Wetland

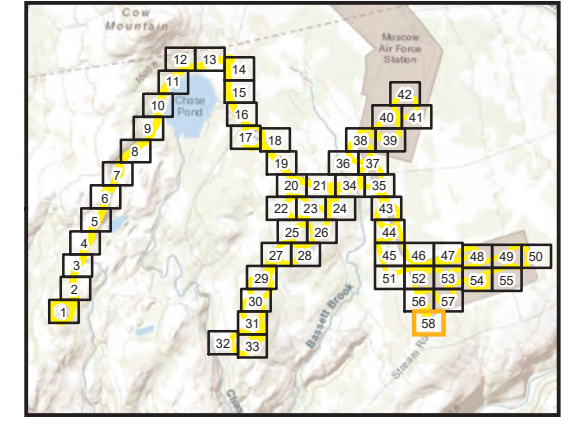


Figure 3
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Aquatic Resource Survey Results
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Prepared For:

Prepared By: **TETRA TECH** Date: **05/2021**

Source: Esri, et. al., 2020; Tetra Tech, 2020-21; Western Maine Renewables, 2021

Coordinate System: World Geodetic System, 1984 Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 19 North

Appendix B. Natural Resources Summary Tables

Table 1. Vernal Pool Survey Results for the Western Maine Renewable Energy Project, Moscow, Maine.

Vernal Pool ID	Associated Wetland	Hydrology	MDEP NRPA Significant ¹	Pool Origin	First visit survey and counts			Second visit survey and counts			Notes
					Date ²	Wood Frog (<i>Lithobates sylvaticus</i>)	Spotted Salamander (<i>Ambystoma maculatum</i>)	Date ²	Wood Frog (<i>Lithobates sylvaticus</i>)	Spotted Salamander (<i>Ambystoma maculatum</i>)	
VP19CP	N/A	Ephemeral	Yes	Natural	5/20/2020	0	57	5/26/2020	10	57	Bullfrog (<i>Lithobates catesbeianus</i>) 5/20/20
VP21DS	W68EI	Ephemeral	No	Non-natural	4/29/2020	100+	100+	5/18/2020	30	40+	
VP22DS	W68EI	Ephemeral	No	Non-natural	4/29/2020	7	0	5/18/2020	7	0	
VP40DS	W08EI	Ephemeral	Yes	Natural-modified	5/6/2020	14	15	5/18/2020	18	40+	Two pair of spring peepers (<i>Pseudacris crucifer</i>) observed mating along with presence of green frogs (<i>Rana clamitans</i>) during 5/18/20 visit
PVP41EI	W115EI	Unknown	No	Non-natural	12/22/2020	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	PVP identified during winter surveys
PVP42EI	W111	Unknown	No	Non-natural	12/22/2020	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	PVP identified during winter surveys
PVP43EI	W107EI	Unknown	No	Non-natural	1/28/2021	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	PVP identified during winter surveys

1 – Significance based on Maine Department of Environmental Protection (MDEP) Natural Resources Protection Act (NRPA) (38 Maine Revised Statutes Annotated §§480-A et seq.) and Maine Significant Wildlife Habitat Rules (Chapter 335). Available online at: <http://www.maine.gov/dep/land/nrpa/index.html> (MDEP 2014).

2 – Species count numbers are the highest numbers counted between the two surveys.

3 – Blue spotted salamander (*Ambystoma laterale*) and fairy shrimp (*Anostraca* spp.) were not observed in any of the pools identified on-Site. No vernal pool-dependent listed species were observed.

PVP = potential vernal pool.

Table 2. Wetland Delineation Results for the Western Maine Renewable Energy Project, Moscow, Maine.

Wetland ID	Cowardin Classification ¹	Area (Acres)	Area (Sq. Ft.)	Summary Notes	Wetland of Special Significance ²
W08EI	PEM/PSS/PFO	4.88	212,787.65	Large wetland complex characterized by pit/mound microtopography in forested areas, and high organic content in soils with sulfur odor in emergent areas. Contains VP04DS and S01EI. Common plants include bluejoint, Canada bunchberry, swamp dewberry, swamp violet, wild raisin, gray birch, and northern white cedar.	Yes
W11EI	PEM	0.02	898.36	A naturalized ditch along the edge of a USAF radar field. Common plants include swamp dewberry, highbush blueberry, horsetail, reed canary grass, blue flag iris, and broad leaf cattail.	No
W12EI	PFO	2.08	90,597.48	A large forested wetland complex that is connected to W13EI and W14EI offsite. A small portion of this wetland occurs as a naturalized ditch adjacent to an existing access road. Common plants include northern white cedar, red maple, black spruce, gray birch, wild rasin, bellwort, water avens, swamp violet and swamp dewberry.	No
W13EI	PFO	0.23	9,918.82	A large forested wetland complex that is connected to W12EI and W14EI offsite. Common plants include northern white cedar, red maple, black spruce, gray birch, winterberry holly, marginal wood fern, swamp violet, and creeping snowberry.	No
W14EI	PFO	1.55	67,343.12	A large forested wetland complex that is connected to W12EI and W13EI off site. A portion of this wetland occurs as a roadside ditch. Common plants include northern white cedar, red maple, black spruce, gray birch, winterberry holly, marginal wood fern, swamp violet, and creeping snowberry.	Yes
W15EI	PFO	0.16	6,885.38	A forested wetland that continues off site. A portion of this wetland contains a roadside ditch. Common plants include northern white cedar, wild rasin, red maple, winterberry holly, swamp dewberry and creeping snowberry.	No
W16EI	PFO	0.25	10,735.15	An isolated, forested wetland, with visible impacts from previous timber removal. Common plants include northern white cedar, red spruce, marginal wood fern, swamp violet, reed canary grass, and highbush blueberry.	No
W17DS	PFO/PSS	3.82	166,562.34	larger wetland complex within a USAF radar field. Contains S14DS. Common plants include northern white cedar, gray birch, black ash, red maple, meadowsweet, highbush blueberry, and winterberry holly.	Yes
W17EI	PFO	0.45	19,663.71	A forested wetland with visible impacts from previous timber removal. Contains S52EI, a tributary to Bassett Brook. Common plants include northern white cedar, winterberry holly, black spruce, and highbush blueberry.	Yes

Wetland ID	Cowardin Classification ¹	Area (Acres)	Area (Sq. Ft.)	Summary Notes	Wetland of Special Significance ²
W18EI	PFO/PEM	0.05	2,241.53	An isolated seep wetland that drains into a roadside ditch. Common plants include northern white cedar, black spruce, sphagnum moss, swamp violet, interrupted fern, and water avens	No
W19EI	PFO	0.25	10,932.31	An isolated wetland with shallow soils. Common plants include balsam fir, red maple, meadowsweet, sensitive fern, and maple-leaf viburnum.	No
W20DS	PFO/EM1	1.29	56,200.29	Wetland occurs in a USAF radar field, contains S15DS and S15DS. Common plants include northern white cedar, red maple, balsam fir, meadowsweet, sensitive fern, horsetail, slender willow, and bluejoint.	Yes
W20EI	PFO	0.39	16,995.90	A small, forested, wetland that continues offsite. Common plants include sensitive fern, cinnamon fern, horsetail, swamp violet, northern white cedar, red maple, winterberry holly, and maple-leaf viburnum.	No
W21DS	PFO/EM1	0.62	27,102.37	Wetland occurs in a USAF radar field and continues outside of the Study Area. Common plants include northern white cedar, red maple, balsam fir, meadowsweet, sensitive fern, horsetail, slender willow, and bluejoint.	No
W29EI	PFO/PEM	0.38	16,459.80	A depressional wetland with soils that are shallow to bedrock; limit of excavation was 6-10 inches of dark organic muck. Common plants include black spruce, northern white cedar, red maple, wild rasin, bluejoint, slender willow, Canada bunchberry, and cinnamon fern.	No
W30EI	PEM/PFO	2.91	126,724.59	A larger wetland with seepy conditions on a hillslope; soils are shallow to bedrock and characterized by dark, muck. Common plants include cinnamon fern, tussock sedge, speckled alder, horsetail, slender willow, larch, red maple, jewelweed, interrupted fern, foam flower, and Canada bunchberry.	No
W33EI	PFO	1.09	47,428.50	A forested wetland with microtopography and a layer of sphagnum moss throughout; soils contain a dark surface with redoximorphic concentrations. Common plants include yellow birch, black ash, black spruce, larch, speckled alder, wild rasin, interrupted fern, and cinnamon fern.	No
W34EI	PEM	0.19	8,143.34	An emergent depressional wetland that is surrounded by upland forest. Common plants include swamp violet, joe-pye weed, cinnamon fern, sensitive fern, water avens, bellwort, tussock sedge, and bluejoint.	No
W35EI	PEM	0.06	2,746.31	A small depression with similar characteristics to Wetland W34EI. Common plants include swamp violet, joe-pye weed, cinnamon fern, sensitive fern, tussock sedge, and bluejoint.	No
W36EI	PEM	0.01	511.01	A small isolated, seep wetland; soils have a depleted matrix and redox concentrations. Common plants include sensitive fern, red maple, interrupted fern, and marginal wood fern.	No

Wetland ID	Cowardin Classification ¹	Area (Acres)	Area (Sq. Ft.)	Summary Notes	Wetland of Special Significance ²
W37EI	PFO	0.07	3,039.67	An isolated depression surrounded by upland forest. Common plants include swamp violet, Canada bunchberry, joe-pye weed, cinnamon fern, sensitive fern, water avens and marginal wood fern.	No
W38EI	PFO	0.04	1,691.44	A forested wetland with microtopography and soils with containing a dark surface with redoximorphic concentrations. Common plants include tussock sedge, meadow rue, horsetail, interrupted fern, wild rasin, red maple, larch, black spruce, black ash and speckled alder.	No
W39EI	PFO	0.10	4,482.90	A small, isolated wetland surrounded by upland forest. Common plants include swamp violet, Canada bunchberry, joe-pye weed, cinnamon fern, sensitive fern, water avens and marginal wood fern.	Yes
W40EI	PFO/PEM	0.38	16,697.37	A large, mostly forested wetland that continues outside the Study Area; soils are characterized by dark muck. Common plants include sensitive fern, cinnamon fern, swamp violet	No
W41EI	PEM	0.06	2,794.25	An emergent depression with dark organic soils. Common plants include Tussock sedge, bluejoint, sensitive fern, jewelweed, larch, and meadowsweet.	No
W42EI	PFO	0.05	2,250.08	An isolated depression with dark, mucky soils. Common plants include black ash, red spruce, speckled alder, fringed sedge, bellwort, strawberry, and striped maple.	Yes
W43EI	PFO	0.07	2,996.28	An isolated depression with dark mineral soils. Common plants include sensitive fern, interrupted fern, tussock sedge, fringed sedge, yellow bluebead-lilly, hobblebush, yellow birch, black ash, and striped maple.	Yes
W44EI	PEM	0.14	6,114.10	An isolated depression surrounded by upland forest. Common plants include swamp violet, Canada bunchberry, joe-pye weed, cinnamon fern, sensitive fern, water avens and marginal wood fern.	No
W47EI	PEM/PFO	0.18	7,745.87	Hillslope wetland with dominant upland vegetation. A small patch of blue flag iris and a small patch of swamp violet observed, but were not dominant, other plants include, red spruce, balsam fir, tussock sedge, red raspberry, sensitive fern, and meadowsweet.	No
W48EI	PFO	0.06	2,819.99	Forested wetland connected to S24EI. Common plants include black spruce, sensitive fern, bluejoint, red maple, and meadowsweet.	Yes
W49EI	PFO	0.05	2,041.11	Forested wetland connected to S24EI. Common plants include black spruce, sensitive fern, bluejoint, red maple, and meadowsweet.	Yes
W50EI	PEM	0.08	3,304.83	A grassy slope that leads to a roadside ditch. Common plants include meadow sweet, sensitive fern, and tussock sedge.	Yes

Wetland ID	Cowardin Classification ¹	Area (Acres)	Area (Sq. Ft.)	Summary Notes	Wetland of Special Significance ²
W51EI	PEM/PSS	0.88	38,426.98	A large hillslope wetland that starts at the ditch Watercourse S25EI and continues outside of the study area. Common plants include sensitive fern, speckled alder, tussock sedge, and timothy grass.	No
W52EI	PFO	0.07	3,040.78	A hillslope wetland fed by two watercourses, S28EI and S27EI. Common plants include red maple, speckled alder, and cinnamon fern.	No
W53EI	PEM	0.29	12,484.21	Hillside with skidder trails that create drainages throughout. There are a mix of hydric and no-hydric vegetation, this area is likely naturalized due to previous disturbance. Common plants include Christmas fer, gooseberry, bluejoint, raspberry, marginal wood fern, and meadowsweet.	No
W54EI	PEM	0.04	1,736.58	Naturalized skidder trail with sensitive fern and cinnamon fern.	No
W55EI	PEM	0.05	1,988.05	An isolated, regenerating wetland characterized by impacted area due to timber harvesting activities. Common plants include tussock sedge, sensitive fern, black spruce and red maple.	No
W56EI	PFO	0.12	5,357.21	A small forested depression with depleted soils connected to S29EI. Common plants include jewelweed, cinnamon fern, sensitive fern, larch, and red maple.	Yes
W59EI	PEM	0.03	1,451.66	A naturalized skidder may be an old laydown area, soils are a dark fine sandy loam with a high organic content. Common plants include tussock sedge, New York fern, red raspberry, and jewelweed.	No
W60EI	PFO	0.23	9,966.57	Connected to Watercourse S32EI on both sides, soils are shallow to bedrock. Common plants include New York fern, bedstraw, jewelweed, water avens, black ash, red maple, and fringed sedge.	Yes
W61EI	PEM	0.21	9,013.32	A naturalized depression adjacent to the road and has a culvert inlet. Common plants include sensitive fern, cinnamon fern, joe-pye weed, blue flag iris, meadowsweet and jewelweed.	No
W63EI	PEM	0.09	3,921.84	A naturalized roadside depression that is fed by watercourse S36EI from the east. Common plants include meadowsweet, tussock sedge, and purple vetch.	No
W64EI	PEM/PSS/PFO	0.30	12,877.70	Connected to wetland W63EI through a culvert where it begins as a PEM but transitions from PSS to PFO farther away from the road, wetland continues outside of the Study Area. Common plants include speckled alder, black ash, red maple, sensitive fern, meadowsweet, water avens, broad leaf cattail, blue flag iris, and meadow rue.	No

Wetland ID	Cowardin Classification ¹	Area (Acres)	Area (Sq. Ft.)	Summary Notes	Wetland of Special Significance ²
W65EI	PFO	0.05	2,272.07	An isolated depression that appears to be a naturalized abandoned roadbed; bare ground makes up approximately 55% of the herbaceous layer. Common plants include swamp violet, sensitive fern, interrupted fern, red maple, white birch, and yellow birch.	No
W66EI	PEM	0.38	16,692.92	An isolated wetland adjacent to an existing electrical transmission line. Common plants include bluejoint, tussock sedge, sensitive fern, speckled alder, fringed sedge, and marginal wood fern.	No
W67EI	PEM	0.22	9,680.48	A roadside depression that has been influenced by a culvert that has been impacted by North American beaver; some standing water and saturated soils. Wetland contains watercourse S53EI. Common plants include bluejoint, tussock sedge, horsetail, sensitive fern, reed canary grass, and broad leaf cattail.	No
W68EI	PEM	0.70	30,607.03	A naturalized wetland between a road and an electrical transmission line. Wetland contains VP21DS and VP22DS. Common plants include broad leaf cattail, sensitive fern, blue flag iris, and bluejoint.	Yes
W69EI	PFO	0.10	4,423.08	An isolated depression surrounded by upland forest. Common plants include scirpus cyperinus, bluejoint, carex stricta, strawberry, yellow birch, red maple, bellwort, and canada bunchberry.	No
W70EI	PFO	0.02	836.40	A naturalized wetland in an old skidder path. Common plants include black birch, yellow birch, tussock sedge, cinnamon fern, and sensitive fern.	No
W71EI	PEM	0.29	12,425.68	A beaver impoundment in a roadside depression with a culvert partially clogged from beaver activity. Contains watercourse S53EI. Common plants include bluejoint, tussock sedge, sensitive fern, broad leaf cattail, and reed canary grass.	No
W81EI	PFO	1.45	63,057.88	A forested swamp that extends off site. Common plants include northern white cedar, red maple, black spruce, yellow birch, cinnamon fern, sensitive fern, royal fern, and Canada bunchberry.	No
W83EI	PEM/PSS	0.43	18,670.20	An emergent/scrub shrub wetland characterized by past disturbance from timber harvesting. Common plants include black ash, black spruce, swamp currant, sensitive fern, and bluejoint.	No
W86EI	PFO	0.18	7,863.86	Hillslope wetland with dominant upland vegetation. A small patch of harlequin blueflag and a small patch of swamp violet observed, but were not dominant, other plants include, red spruce, balsam fir, tussock sedge, red raspberry, sensitive fern, meadowsweet, and horsetail.	No
W89EI	PEM	0.03	728.45	An naturalized wetland near a recently harvested area. Common plants include tussock sedge, wood aster, yellow birch and red maple.	No
W90EI	PEM/PSS	0.84	36,752.91	An naturalized wetland in a USAF radar field. Common plants include cottongrass bullrush, meadowsweet, Queen Anne's lace, yarrow, wood aster, northern white cedar, and speckled alder.	No

Wetland ID	Cowardin Classification ¹	Area (Acres)	Area (Sq. Ft.)	Summary Notes	Wetland of Special Significance ²
W92EI	PFO	2.97	129,210.06	A forested, regenerating wetland in a USAF radar field. Common plants include black spruce, white pine, northern white cedar, yarrow, sensitive fern, and tussock sedge.	No
W95EI	PFO	0.08	3,287.70	An isolated regenerating wetland in a USAF radar field. Common plants include northern white cedar, red spruce, red maple, eastern hemlock, winterberry holly, interrupted fern, sensitive fern, and reed canary grass.	No
W96EI	PFO	0.09	4,045.39	An isolated regenerating wetland in a USAF radar field. Common plants include northern white cedar, red spruce, red maple, eastern hemlock, winterberry holly, interrupted fern, sensitive fern, and reed canary grass.	No
W98EI	PEM/PSS	0.16	7,078.31	An isolated regenerating wetland in a USAF radar field. Common plants include northern white cedar, red spruce, red maple, eastern hemlock, winterberry holly, interrupted fern, sensitive fern, and reed canary grass.	No
W99EI	PEM/PSS	0.07	2,997.91	A naturalized wetland in a ditch between a substation/powerline and gravel road. Common plants include reed canary grass, interrupted fern, larch, black spruce, meadowsweet, quaking aspen, and red maple	No
W100EI	PEM/PSS	0.08	3,504.00	An emergent wetland in a highly disturbed previously developed site. Common Plants include reed canary grass, interrupted fern, larch, black spruce, meadowsweet, quaking aspen, and red maple.	No
W105EI	PEM/PSS	0.13	5,672.80	A naturalized ditch within a USAF radar field, adjacent to a road. Common plants include horsetail, sensitive fern, meadowsweet, and wood aster.	No
W106EI	PEM/PSS	0.06	2,766.97	A naturalized wet meadow wetland a USAF radar field. Common plants include reed canary grass, meadowsweet, purple vetch, bedstraw	No
W107EI	PEM	0.05	2,011.67	An emergent wetland in a previous landing area for a logging operation with sensitive fern, meadowsweet, and cottongrass bullrush, delineated in the winter 2021.	No
W108KN	PSS	0.08	3,667.27	A scrub shrub wetland with signs of disturbance from forestry operations. Common plants include sheep laurel, rhodora, gray birch, cottongrass bullrush, and wild rasin, delineated in the winter 2021.	No
W109EI	PEM	0.06	2,720.20	An emergent wetland in a previous logging landing area. Common plants include sensitive fern, sheep laurel, rhodora, and meadow sweet, delineated in the winter 2021.	No

Wetland ID	Cowardin Classification ¹	Area (Acres)	Area (Sq. Ft.)	Summary Notes	Wetland of Special Significance ²
W110KN	PFO	0.01	637.33	A forested sloping wetland that extends off site. Common plants include yellow birch, red maple, and quaking aspen, delineated in the winter 2021.	No
W111EI	PFO	0.01	402.13	A small forested wetland that extends off site containing red maple and yellow birch, delineated in the winter 2021.	No
W112EI	PFO	0.10	4,212.32	A forested wetland with a perennial watercourse, S13EI, flowing through. This wetland contains red maple, yellow birch, and northern white cedar, delineated in the winter 2021.	Yes
W113KN	PSS/PFO	0.45	19,706.49	A large forested and scrub shrub wetland complex with two perennial tributaries (S13EI and S03EI) to Chase Pond. Balsam fir, speckled alder, and larch are the dominant tree species, delineated in the winter 2021.	Yes
W114EI	PFO	0.01	290.95	A small forested wetland that appears to be a borrow pit that is mapped as a potential vernal pool, delineated in the winter 2021.	No
W115EI	PFO	0.02	657.28	A small forested wetland that appears to be a borrow pit that is potential vernal pool PVP01EI. Contains yellow birch and speckled alder, delineated in the winter 2021.	No
W116KN	PFO	0.03	1,197.06	A small forested red maple swamp that contains S05KN. Red maple and red spruce are the dominant trees in this wetland, delineated in the winter 2021.	Yes
W117KN	PFO	0.06	2,467.93	A forested seep wetland on a side slope, delineated in the winter 2021.	No
W118KN	PSS/PFO	0.52	22,788.04	A large forested and scrub shrub swamp with beaver activity and possible Inland Wading Bird and Waterfowl Habitat. This wetland is connected to W120EI off site. Common plants includes northern white cedar and speckled alder, delineated in the winter 2021.	Yes
W119KN	PFO/PEM	0.05	1,961.05	A forested and emergent wetland that appears to be a possible borrow pit or naturalized area previously disturbed from timber harvesting activities. Northern white cedar, speckled alder, cottongrass bullrush, and sensitive fern are the common plants, delineated in the winter 2021.	No
W120EI	PEM	0.80	34,939.84	A large emergent swamp mapped as Inland Wading Bird and Waterfowl Habitat and beaver activity. This wetland is connected to W118KN offsite. Common plants includes speckled alder, sensitive fern, cottongrass bullrush, balsam fir, and yellow birch, delineated in the winter 2021.	Yes
W121EI	PEM	0.00	39.30	A small, naturalized emergent wetland on the side of the road. Common plants includes sensitive fern and cottongrass bullrush, delineated in the winter 2021	No

Wetland ID	Cowardin Classification ¹	Area (Acres)	Area (Sq. Ft.)	Summary Notes	Wetland of Special Significance ²
W122KN	PFO	0.04	1,933.89	A naturalized wetland occurring in a skidder trail. Common plants includes yellow birch and northern white cedar, delineated in the winter 2021.	No
W123NJ	PEM	6.09	265,318.11	Previously disturbed wetland within a USAF Radar Station field. Common plants include broad leaf cattail, sensitive fern, quaking aspen, and reed canary grass. A portion of this wetland was delineated in the winter of 2021.	No
W124EI	PSS	4.32	188,341.81	Previously disturbed logging yard and skidder trail(s). Common plants include S. Alba, Scirpus cubensus, red maple and Kalmia sp., delineated in the winter 2021	NO
W125EI	PEM	1.83	79,652.70	Previously disturbed logging road entrance, Common plants include Apirea, rodora calmia solidago, gray birch, delineated in the winter 2021	No
W126EI	PSS	0.30	13,053.06	Previously disturbed wetland within a transmission corridor. Common plants include white cedar, white birch, carex stricta, and meadow sweet, delineated in the winter 2021	No
WET-68-02	PEM/PSS	2.09	91,180.30	NECEC Wetland - Previously disturbed wetland within the existing CMP transmission corridor. Common plants include wool-grass, nodding sedge, rattlesnake mannagrass, fowl mannagrass, sensitive fern, cinnamon fern, wrinkle leaved goldenrod and spotted touch-me-not.	No
WET-68-03	PSS	0.06	2,730.83	NECEC Wetland - Previously disturbed wetland within the existing CMP transmission corridor. Common plants include speckled alder, meadowsweet species, pussy willow, balsam fir, sensitive fern, cinnamon fern, soft rush and spotted touch-me-not.	No

1 – PFO = palustrine forested; PEM = palustrine emergent; PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub; PFO/PSS = palustrine forested/palustrine scrub-shrub; PSS/PFO = palustrine scrub-shrub/palustrine forested; PFO/PEM = palustrine forested/palustrine emergent; PEM/PFO = palustrine emergent/palustrine forested; PEM/PSS= palustrine emergent/palustrine scrub-shrub; and PEM/PSS/PFO = palustrine emergent/palustrine scrub-shrub/palustrine forested (Cowardin et. al., 1979).

2 – Maine Wetlands of Special Significance (WOSS) designations, as defined in the Maine Department of Environmental Protection Natural Resource Protection Act (38 M.R.S.A. §§480-A et seq.) and the Maine Wetland Protection Rules (Chapter 310). Areas of significant habitat according to the Maine Department of Environmental Protection.

Table 3. Watercourse Delineation Results for the Western Maine Renewable Energy Project, Moscow, Maine.

Watercourse ID	Flow Regime ¹	Length (feet)	Bank full Width (Feet)	Substrate	Bank Depth (Inches)	Notes/Related Resources
S01EI	Intermittent	94	5	50% muck, 20% sand, 20% gravel, 10% cobbles	12	Intermittent watercourse inside W08EI that is connected to VP40DS
S14DS	Intermittent	417	1	Vegetated muck	6	Flows north/northwest and diffuses into Wetland W17DS.
S15DS	Intermittent	67	4	Vegetated	12	Previously disturbed resource within USAN radar field, flows northwest toward W20DS.
S16DS	Intermittent	27	4	Vegetated muck	10	Short watercourse flowing northwest within wetland.
S21EI	Ephemeral	296	2	30% sand, 10% cobbles, 40% muck, 30% gravel	12	Flows southeast through Study Area toward Stream Road.
S24EI	Intermittent	227	3	40% cobbles, 40% gravel, 10% sand, 10% muck	12	Flows southeast from wetland W49EI, with a small contributing seep, eventually crossing a broken culvert and into wetland W48EI
S26EI	Intermittent	156	2	40% muck, 40% sand, 20% gravel	12	watercourse begins at culvert and flows Northeast toward S27EI and eventually W52EI
S27EI	Intermittent	77	2	40% muck, 40% sand, 20% gravel	12	This is connected to Watercourse S26EI
S28EI	Intermittent	120	2	30% cobbles, 20% muck, 30% sand, 20% gravel	12	This watercourse starts at the road side ditch and flows east over the road (there is no culvert) downslope to Wetland W48EI
S29EI	Ephemeral	102	2	Muck/vegetated bottom	12	Starts as sheet flow that channelizes and flows southeast into Wetland W56EI
S32EI	Intermittent	969	8	40% large cobbles, 40% sand, 20% gravel	12	Starts as sheet flow from an old skidder rut flows south through the Study Area briefly intersecting with wetland W60EI
S33EI	Intermittent	157	4	30% muck, 20% cobbles, 30% sand, 20% gravel	12	Short watercourse flows south to S32EI

Watercourse ID	Flow Regime ¹	Length (feet)	Bank full Width (Feet)	Substrate	Bank Depth (Inches)	Notes/Related Resources
S36EI	Intermittent	73	2	40% muck, 40% sand, 20% gravel	12	Originates from Wetland W63EI and flows northeast beyond the Study Area boundary.
S51EI	Perennial	236	20	50% boulders, 50% cobbles	48	Bassett Brook flows south through an existing 7' culvert.
S52EI	Intermittent	237	4	50% sand, 50% cobbles	24	Tributary to Bassett Brook, flows southwest from wetland W17EI and through a culvert.
S53EI	Ephemeral	830	6	50% cobbles, 50% sand	30	Watercourse flows west through wetlands W71EI and W67EI. A Tributary to Bassett Brook.
S54EI	Ephemeral	44	3	50% cobbles, 50% sand	30	Small tributary to S53EI.
S03EI	Ephemeral/ Intermittent	80	30	TBD	20	Watercourse was delineated during the winter, flows south under existing bridge.
S13EI	Perennial	68	12	TBD	TBD	Watercourse was delineated in the winter, large watercourse flowing west into the wetland complex that contributes to Chase Pond on the northeast side of the pond.
S55EI	Ephemeral	40	TBD	TBD	3	Watercourse was delineated in the winter, flows north into wetland W112EI
S56KN	Perennial	183	12	TBD	TBD	Watercourse was delineated in the winter, flows south, then along a roadside ditch (east) and through a culvert in the road toward the wetland connected to Chase Pond.
S57EI	Intermittent	72	TBD	TBD	TBD	Watercourse was delineated in the winter, flows southeast through an existing culvert in the road and toward the large wetland on the north side of Chase Pond.
S58EI	Intermittent	69	TBD	TBD	TBD	Watercourse was delineated in the winter, flows south through existing culvert in road and toward Chase Pond.
S59EI	Perennial	110	4	TBD	TBD	Watercourse was delineated in the winter, flows south through small bridge or box culvert in road and toward Chase Pond.
S60KN	Perennial	162	10	TBD	TBD	Watercourse was delineated in the winter, flows south through culvert, then along a roadside ditch (east) eventually turning south toward Chase Pond.

Watercourse ID	Flow Regime ¹	Length (feet)	Bank full Width (Feet)	Substrate	Bank Depth (Inches)	Notes/Related Resources
S61KN	Intermittent	41	TBD	TBD	TBD	Watercourse was delineated in the winter, flows south toward Chase Pond.
S62EI	Intermittent	86	TBD	TBD	TBD	Watercourse was delineated in the winter, flows east and through a culvert in the road, toward wetland W118KN.
S63KN	Perennial	98	6	TBD	TBD	Watercourse was delineated in the winter, flows south through culvert in road and toward Chase Pond.
S64KN	Intermittent	89	TBD	TBD	TBD	Watercourse was delineated in the winter, flows along ditch on north side of road, crosses road and flows south through wetland W116KN and toward Chase Pond.
S65KN	Intermittent	97	TBD	TBD	TBD	Watercourse was delineated in the winter, flows south toward existing road and then east along road as a ditch.
S66KN	Intermittent	105	TBD	TBD	TBD	Watercourse was delineated in the winter, flows northeast toward beaver impounded wetland W120EI.
S67EI	Intermittent	160	TBD	TBD	TBD	Watercourse was delineated in the winter. S53EI feet 16 & 17?
S68EI	Ephemeral	183	TBD	TBD	TBD	Watercourse was delineated in the winter.

1 – Perennial refers to a watercourse which has surface flow year-round during years of normal rainfall. Intermittent refers to watercourses that only have surface flow for part of the year. Ephemeral refers to watercourses or drainages that depend on rainfall or runoff for surface flow.

Appendix C. Maine State Vernal Pool Assessment Forms



Maine State Vernal Pool Assessment Form



INSTRUCTIONS:

- Complete all 3 pages of form thoroughly. Most fields are required for pool registration.
- Clear photographs of a) the pool AND b) the indicators (one example of each species egg mass) are required for all observers.

Observer's Pool ID: VP19CP

MDIFW Pool ID: _____

1. PRIMARY OBSERVER INFORMATION

- a. Observer name: E. Irvin with C. Parrish
- b. Contact and credentials previously provided? No (submit Addendum 1) Yes

2. PROJECT CONTACT INFORMATION

- a. Contact name: same as observer other _____
- b. Contact and credentials previously provided? No (submit Addendum 1) Yes
- c. Project Name: Western Maine Renewables

3. LANDOWNER CONTACT INFORMATION

- a. Are you the landowner? Yes No If no, was landowner permission obtained for survey? Yes No
- b. Landowner's contact information (required)
- Name: Patriot Renewables, LLC Phone: _____
- Street Address: 549 South Street City: Quincy State: MA Zip: 0226
- c. Large Projects: check if separate project landowner data file submitted

4. VERNAL POOL LOCATION INFORMATION

a. Location Township: Moscow

Brief site directions to the pool (using mapped landmarks):

Located west of Chase Pond Road and east of Chase Stream. GIS location provided.

b. Mapping Requirements

i. USGS topographic map OR aerial photograph with pool clearly marked.

ii. GPS location of vernal pool (use Datum NAD83 / WGS84)

Longitude/Easting: -69.877781° Latitude/Northing: 45.130875°

Coordinate system: NAD83

- Check one: GIS shapefile
 - send to Jason.Czapiga@maine.gov; observer has reviewed shape accuracy (Best)
- The pool perimeter is delineated by multiple GPS points. (Excellent)
 - Include map or spreadsheet with coordinates.
- The above GPS point is at the center of the pool. (Good)
- The center of the pool is approximately _____ m ft in the compass direction of _____ degrees from the above GPS point. (Acceptable)



5. VERNAL POOL HABITAT INFORMATION

a. Habitat survey date (only if different from indicator survey dates on page 3): _____

b. Wetland habitat characterization

Choose the best descriptor for the landscape setting:

- Isolated depression, Pool associated with larger wetland complex, Floodplain depression, Other:

Check all wetland types that best apply to this pool:

- Forested swamp, Wet meadow, Slow stream, Dug pond or borrow pit, Shrub swamp, Lake or pond cove, Floodplain, Peatland (fen or bog), Abandoned beaver flowage, Mostly unvegetated pool, Roadside ditch, Emergent marsh, Active beaver flowage, ATV or skidder rut, Other:

c. Vernal pool status under the Natural Resources Protection Act (NRPA)

i. Pool Origin: Natural, Natural-Modified, Unnatural, Unknown

If modified, unnatural or unknown, describe any modern or historic human impacts to the pool (required):

[Empty text box for describing impacts]

ii. Pool Hydrology

Select the pool's estimated hydroperiod AND provide rationale in box (required):

- Permanent, Semi-permanent, Ephemeral, Unknown

Explain:

Intermittent inlet

Maximum depth at survey: 0-12", 12-36", 36-60", >60"

Approximate size of pool (at spring highwater): Width: 50 m ft Length: 60 m ft

Predominate substrate in order of increasing hydroperiod:

- Mineral soil (bare, leaf-litter bottom, or upland mosses present), Organic matter (peat/muck) shallow or restricted to deepest portion, Mineral soil (sphagnum moss present), Organic matter (peat/muck) deep and widespread

Pool vegetation indicators in order of increasing hydroperiod (check all that apply):

- Terrestrial nonvascular spp., Wet site ferns, Dry site ferns, Wet site shrubs, Moist site ferns, Wet site graminoids, Moist site vasculars, Aquatic vascular spp., Sphagnum moss, Floating or submerged aquatics, No vegetation in pool

Faunal indicators (check all that apply):

- Fish, Bullfrog or Green Frog tadpoles, Other:

iii. Inlet/Outlet Flow Permanency

Type of inlet or outlet (a seasonal or permanent channel providing water flowing into or out of the pool):

- No inlet or outlet, Permanent inlet or outlet, Intermittent inlet or outlet, Other or Unknown (explain):



Maine State Vernal Pool Assessment Form



6. VERNAL POOL INDICATOR INFORMATION

a. Indicator survey dates: 5/20/2020, 5/26/2020

b. Indicator abundance criteria and pool survey effort

- Is pool depression bisected by 2 ownerships (straddler pool)? Yes No
- Was the entire pool surveyed for egg masses? Yes No; what % of entire pool surveyed? _____
- For each indicator species, indicate the exact number of egg masses, confidence level for species determination, and egg mass maturity. Separate cells are provided for separate survey dates.

INDICATOR SPECIES	Egg Masses (or adult Fairy Shrimp)						Tadpoles/Larvae ⁴					
	Visit #1	Visit #2	Visit #3	Confidence Level ¹		Egg Mass Maturity ²		Observed		Confidence Level ¹		
Wood Frog	10	10		3	3		M	A				
Spotted Salamander	57	57		3	3		M	A				
Blue-spotted Salamander												
Fairy Shrimp ³												

1-Confidence level: 1 = <60%, 2 = 60-95%, 3 = >95%

2-Egg mass maturity: F= Fresh (<24 hrs), M= Mature (round embryos), A= Advanced (loose matrix, curved embryos), H= Hatched or Hatching

3-Fairy shrimp: X = present

4-Tadpoles/larvae: X = present

c. Rarity criteria

- Note any rare species associated with vernal pools. Observations should be accompanied by photographs.

SPECIES	Method of Verification*			CL**	SPECIES	Method of Verification*			CL**
	P	H	S			P	H	S	
Blanding's Turtle	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		Wood Turtle	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Spotted Turtle	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		Ribbon Snake	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Ringed Boghaunter	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		Other:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

*Method of verification: P = Photographed, H = Handled, S = Seen

**CL - Confidence level in species determination: 1= <60%, 2= 60-95%, 3= >95%

d. Optional observer recommendation:

- SVP Potential SVP Non Significant VP Indicator Breeding Area

e. General vernal pool comments and/or observations of other wildlife:

Send completed form and supporting documentation to: Maine Dept. of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife
 Attn: Vernal Pools
 650 State Street, Bangor, ME 04401

NOTE: Digital submission (to Jason.Czapiga@maine.gov) of vernal pool field forms and photographs is only acceptable for projects with 3 or fewer assessed pools; larger projects must be mailed as hard copies.

For MDIFW use only Reviewed by MDIFW Date: _____ Initials: _____

This pool is: Significant Potentially Significant but lacking critical data Not Significant due to: does not meet biological criteria. does not meet MDEP vernal pool criteria.

Comments:



Maine State Vernal Pool Assessment Form



INSTRUCTIONS:

- Complete all 3 pages of form thoroughly. Most fields are required for pool registration.
- Clear photographs of a) the pool AND b) the indicators (one example of each species egg mass) are required for all observers.

Observer's Pool ID: VP40DS

MDIFW Pool ID: _____

1. PRIMARY OBSERVER INFORMATION

- a. Observer name: E. Irvin with D. Santillo
- b. Contact and credentials previously provided? No (submit Addendum 1) Yes

2. PROJECT CONTACT INFORMATION

- a. Contact name: same as observer other _____
- b. Contact and credentials previously provided? No (submit Addendum 1) Yes
- c. Project Name: Western Maine Renewables

3. LANDOWNER CONTACT INFORMATION

- a. Are you the landowner? Yes No If no, was landowner permission obtained for survey? Yes No
- b. Landowner's contact information (required)
- Name: Patriot Renewables, LLC Phone: _____
- Street Address: 549 South Street City: Quincy State: MA Zip: 0226
- c. Large Projects: check if separate project landowner data file submitted

4. VERNAL POOL LOCATION INFORMATION

a. Location Township: Moscow

Brief site directions to the pool (using mapped landmarks):

Adjacent to road and electrical transmission line.

b. Mapping Requirements

i. USGS topographic map OR aerial photograph with pool clearly marked.

ii. GPS location of vernal pool (use Datum NAD83 / WGS84)

Longitude/Easting: 45.154913° Latitude/Northing: -69.857770°

Coordinate system: NAD83

- Check one: GIS shapefile
 - send to Jason.Czapiga@maine.gov; observer has reviewed shape accuracy (Best)
- The pool perimeter is delineated by multiple GPS points. (Excellent)
 - Include map or spreadsheet with coordinates.
- The above GPS point is at the center of the pool. (Good)
- The center of the pool is approximately _____ m ft in the compass direction of _____ degrees from the above GPS point. (Acceptable)



5. VERNAL POOL HABITAT INFORMATION

a. Habitat survey date (only if different from indicator survey dates on page 3): _____

b. Wetland habitat characterization

Choose the best descriptor for the landscape setting:

- Isolated depression, Pool associated with larger wetland complex, Floodplain depression, Other:

Check all wetland types that best apply to this pool:

- Forested swamp, Wet meadow, Slow stream, Dug pond or borrow pit, Shrub swamp, Lake or pond cove, Floodplain, Peatland (fen or bog), Abandoned beaver flowage, Mostly unvegetated pool, Roadside ditch, Emergent marsh, Active beaver flowage, ATV or skidder rut, Other:

c. Vernal pool status under the Natural Resources Protection Act (NRPA)

i. Pool Origin: Natural, Natural-Modified, Unnatural, Unknown

If modified, unnatural or unknown, describe any modern or historic human impacts to the pool (required):

Pool was likely disturbed during construction of the adjacent road and/or electrical transmission line.

ii. Pool Hydrology

Select the pool's estimated hydroperiod AND provide rationale in box (required):

- Permanent, Semi-permanent, Ephemeral, Unknown

Explain:

Shallow and fully vegetated depression

Maximum depth at survey: 0-12", 12-36", 36-60", >60"

Approximate size of pool (at spring highwater): Width: 20 m, Length: 90 m

Predominate substrate in order of increasing hydroperiod:

- Mineral soil (bare, leaf-litter bottom, or upland mosses present), Organic matter (peat/muck) shallow or restricted to deepest portion, Mineral soil (sphagnum moss present), Organic matter (peat/muck) deep and widespread

Pool vegetation indicators in order of increasing hydroperiod (check all that apply):

- Terrestrial nonvascular spp., Wet site ferns, Dry site ferns, Wet site shrubs, Moist site ferns, Wet site graminoids, Moist site vasculars, Aquatic vascular spp., Sphagnum moss, Floating or submerged aquatics, No vegetation in pool

Faunal indicators (check all that apply):

- Fish, Bullfrog or Green Frog tadpoles, Other: spring peepers

iii. Inlet/Outlet Flow Permanency

Type of inlet or outlet (a seasonal or permanent channel providing water flowing into or out of the pool):

- No inlet or outlet, Permanent inlet or outlet, Intermittent inlet or outlet, Other or Unknown (explain):



Maine State Vernal Pool Assessment Form



6. VERNAL POOL INDICATOR INFORMATION

a. Indicator survey dates: 5/6/2020, 5/20/2020

b. Indicator abundance criteria and pool survey effort

- Is pool depression bisected by 2 ownerships (straddler pool)? Yes No
- Was the entire pool surveyed for egg masses? Yes No; what % of entire pool surveyed? _____
- For each indicator species, indicate the exact number of egg masses, confidence level for species determination, and egg mass maturity. Separate cells are provided for separate survey dates.

INDICATOR SPECIES	Egg Masses (or adult Fairy Shrimp)						Tadpoles/Larvae ⁴					
	Visit #1	Visit #2	Visit #3	Confidence Level ¹		Egg Mass Maturity ²		Observed		Confidence Level ¹		
Wood Frog	18	18		3	3		M	A				
Spotted Salamander	40	40		3	3		M	A				
Blue-spotted Salamander												
Fairy Shrimp ³												

1-Confidence level: 1 = <60%, 2 = 60-95%, 3 = >95%

2-Egg mass maturity: F= Fresh (<24 hrs), M= Mature (round embryos), A= Advanced (loose matrix, curved embryos), H= Hatched or Hatching

3-Fairy shrimp: X = present

4-Tadpoles/larvae: X = present

c. Rarity criteria

- Note any rare species associated with vernal pools. Observations should be accompanied by photographs.

SPECIES	Method of Verification*			CL**	SPECIES	Method of Verification*			CL**
	P	H	S			P	H	S	
Blanding's Turtle	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		Wood Turtle	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Spotted Turtle	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		Ribbon Snake	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Ringed Boghaunter	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		Other:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

*Method of verification: P = Photographed, H = Handled, S = Seen

**CL - Confidence level in species determination: 1= <60%, 2= 60-95%, 3= >95%

d. Optional observer recommendation:

- SVP Potential SVP Non Significant VP Indicator Breeding Area

e. General vernal pool comments and/or observations of other wildlife:

Send completed form and supporting documentation to: Maine Dept. of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife
 Attn: Vernal Pools
 650 State Street, Bangor, ME 04401

NOTE: Digital submission (to Jason.Czapiga@maine.gov) of vernal pool field forms and photographs is only acceptable for projects with 3 or fewer assessed pools; larger projects must be mailed as hard copies.

For MDIFW use only Reviewed by MDIFW Date: _____ Initials: _____

This pool is: Significant Potentially Significant but lacking critical data Not Significant due to: does not meet biological criteria. does not meet MDEP vernal pool criteria.

Comments:

Appendix D. Wetland Determination Data Forms



TETRA TECH

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM
Northeast and Northcentral Region

Project/Site: Western Maine Renewable Energy Project
Applicant: Western Maine Renewables, LLC
Investigator #1: Emmy Irvin
Investigator #2:
Soil Unit: Colonel-Peru-Pillsbury association, 3 to 15 percent slopes
Landform: Terrace
Slope (%): See topo map
Latitude: 45.151°
Longitude: -69.858°
Datum: NAD 83
NWII/WWI Classification: Upland
Date: 09/09/20
County: Somerset
State: ME
Wetland ID: W08EI
Sample Point: Upland

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?
Wetland Hydrology Present?
Hydric Soils Present?
Is This Sampling Point Within A Wetland?

Remarks: Statewide drought

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators (Check here if indicators are not present)
Primary: A1 - Surface Water, A2 - High Water Table, A3 - Saturation, B1 - Water Marks, B2 - Sediment Deposits, B3 - Drift Deposits, B4 - Algal Mat or Crust, B5 - Iron Deposits, B7 - Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery, B8 - Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface
Secondary: B6 - Surface Soil Cracks, B10 - Drainage Patterns, B16 - Moss Trim Lines, C2 - Dry-Season Water Table, C8 - Crayfish Burrows, C9 - Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery, D1 - Stunted or Stressed Plants, D2 - Geomorphic Position, D3 - Shallow Aquitard, D4 - Microtopographic Relief, D5 - FAC-Neutral Test

Field Observations:
Surface Water Present?
Water Table Present?
Saturation Present?
Depth: (in.)
Wetland Hydrology Present?

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: N/A

Remarks: Statewide drought

SOILS

Map Unit Name: Colonel-Peru-Pillsbury association, 3 to 15 percent slopes
Series Drainage Class: Poorly drained
Taxonomy (Subgroup): Loamy, isotic, frigid, shallow Aquic Haplorthods

Profile Description (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Table with columns: Top Depth, Bottom Depth, Horizon, Matrix (Color (Moist), %), Mottles (Color (Moist), %, Type, Location), Texture (e.g. clay, sand, loam)

NRCS Hydric Soil Field Indicators (check here if indicators are not present)
Indicators for Problematic Soils 1
A1 - Histosol, A2 - Histic Epipedon, A3 - Black Histic, A4 - Hydrogen Sulfide, A5 - Stratified Layers, A11 - Depleted Below Dark Surface, A12 - Thick Dark Surface, S1 - Sandy Mucky Mineral, S4 - Sandy Gleyed Matrix, S5 - Sandy Redox, S6 - Stripped Matrix, S7 - Dark Surface (LRR R, MLRA 149B)
S8 - Polyvalue Below Surface (LRR R, MLRA 149B), S9 - Thin Dark Surface (LRR R, MLRA 149B), F1 - Loamy Mucky Mineral (LRR K, L), F2 - Loamy Gleyed Matrix, F3 - Depleted Matrix, F6 - Redox Dark Surface, F7 - Depleted Dark Surface, F8 - Redox Depressions
A10 - 2 cm Muck (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B), A16 - Coast Prairie Redox (LRR K, L, R), S3 - 5cm Mucky Peat of Peat (LRR K, L, R), S7 - Dark Surface (LRR K, L, M), S8 - Polyvalue Below Surface (LRR K, L), S9 - Thin Dark Surface (LRR K, L), F12 - Iron-Manganese Masses (LRR K, L, R), F19 - Piedmont Floodplain Soils (MLRA 149B), TA6 - Mesic Spodic (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B), TF2 - Red Parent Material, TF12 - Very Shallow Dark Surface, Other (Explain in Remarks)

Restrictive Layer (If Observed) Type: ledge Depth: 12
Hydric Soil Present?

Remarks:



TETRA TECH

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM
Northeast and Northcentral Region

Project/Site: Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Wetland ID: W08EI

Sample Point Upland

VEGETATION (Species identified in all uppercase are non-native species.)

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 10 meter radius)

Table with 5 columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows include Betula papyrifera, Betula alleghaniensis, Picea rubens, and others.

Total Cover = 35

Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 5 meter radius)

Table with 5 columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows include Picea rubens, Acer rubrum, Viburnum acerifolium, and others.

Total Cover = 22

Herb Stratum (Plot size: 2 meter radius)

Table with 5 columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows include Dryopteris marginalis, Cornus canadensis, Medeola virginiana, and others.

Total Cover = 62

Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 10 meter radius)

Table with 5 columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows are mostly empty.

Total Cover = 0

Remarks:

Dominance Test Worksheet

Number of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 3 (A)

Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 8 (B)

Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 37.5% (A/B)

Prevalence Index Worksheet

Total % Cover of:

Multiply by:

Calculation table for Prevalence Index: OBL spp. 0 x 1 = 0, FACW spp. 2 x 2 = 4, FACU spp. 57 x 3 = 171, UPL spp. 10 x 5 = 50.

Total 119 (A) 425 (B)

Prevalence Index = B/A = 3.571

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:

- Checkboxes for indicators: Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation, Dominance Test is > 50%, Prevalence Index is <= 3.0, Morphological Adaptations (Explain), Problem Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain).

* Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Definitions of Vegetation Strata:

Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.

Sapling/Shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft. tall.

Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft. tall.

Woody Vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft. in height.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present [] Yes [x] No

Additional Remarks:

Empty box for additional remarks.



TETRA TECH

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM
Northeast and Northcentral Region

Project/Site: Western Maine Renewable Energy Project
Applicant: Western Maine Renewables, LLC
Investigator #1: Emmy Irvin
Investigator #2:
Date: 09/09/20
County: Somerset
State: ME
Wetland ID: W08EI
Sample Point: Wetland
Soil Unit: Telos-Chesuncook association, 3 to 15 % slopes
Landform: Terrace
Slope (%): See topo map
Latitude: 45.154245
Longitude: -69.857881
Datum: NAD 83
NWI/WWI Classification: PEM
Local Relief: Linear
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? (If no, explain in remarks)
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significantly disturbed?
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology naturally problematic?
Are normal circumstances present?

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?
Wetland Hydrology Present?
Hydric Soils Present?
Is This Sampling Point Within A Wetland?
Remarks: Statewide drought

HYDROLOGY
Wetland Hydrology Indicators (Check here if indicators are not present)
Primary:
Secondary:
Field Observations:
Surface Water Present?
Water Table Present?
Saturation Present?
Depth:
Wetland Hydrology Present?

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:
Remarks: Statewide drought

SOILS
Map Unit Name: Telos-Chesuncook association, 3 to 15 % slopes
Series Drainage Class: somewhat poorly drained
Taxonomy (Subgroup): Loamy, isotic, frigid, shallow Aquic Haplorthods

Profile Description table with columns: Top Depth, Bottom Depth, Horizon, Matrix (Color, %), Mottles (Color, %, Type, Location), Texture (e.g. clay, sand, loam)

NRCS Hydric Soil Field Indicators (check here if indicators are not present)
Indicators for Problematic Soils
Restrictive Layer (If Observed) Type: ledge Depth: 18 inches
Hydric Soil Present?

Remarks:



TETRA TECH

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM
Northeast and Northcentral Region

Project/Site: Western Maine Renewable Energy Project Wetland ID: W08EI Sample Point Wetland

VEGETATION (Species identified in all uppercase are non-native species.)

Table with columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows 1-10 for Tree Stratum (Plot size: 10 meter radius).

Total Cover = 0

Table with columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows 1-10 for Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 5 meter radius).

Total Cover = 0

Table with columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows 1-15 for Herb Stratum (Plot size: 2 meter radius).

Total Cover = 140

Table with columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows 1-5 for Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 10 meter radius).

Total Cover = 0

Remarks:

Additional Remarks:

Dominance Test Worksheet

Number of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 4 (A)

Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B)

Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100.0% (A/B)

Prevalence Index Worksheet

Table for Prevalence Index Worksheet showing Total % Cover of and Multiply by for various species categories (OBL, FACW, FAC, FACU, UPL) and the resulting Prevalence Index = 1.250.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:

- Checklist of indicators: Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation, Dominance Test is > 50%, Prevalence Index is <= 3.0, Morphological Adaptations (Explain), Problem Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain).

* Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Definitions of Vegetation Strata:

Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.

Sapling/Shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft. tall.

Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft. tall.

Woody Vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft. in height.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present [X] Yes [] No



TETRA TECH

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM
Northeast and Northcentral Region

Project/Site: Western Maine Renewable Energy Project
Applicant: Western Maine Renewables, LLC
Investigator #1: Emmy Irvin
Investigator #2:
Soil Unit: Telos-Chesuncook association, 3 to 15 percent slopes
Landform: Terrace
Slope (%): See topo map
Latitude: 45.150300
Longitude: -69.853612
Datum: NAD 83
NWI/WWI Classification: Upland
Local Relief: Linear
Date: 09/09/20
County: Somerset
State: ME
Wetland ID: W20EI
Sample Point: Upland

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?
Wetland Hydrology Present?
Remarks: Drought

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators (Check here if indicators are not present)
Primary: A1 - Surface Water, A2 - High Water Table, A3 - Saturation, B1 - Water Marks, B2 - Sediment Deposits, B3 - Drift Deposits, B4 - Algal Mat or Crust, B5 - Iron Deposits, B7 - Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery, B8 - Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface
Secondary: B6 - Surface Soil Cracks, B10 - Drainage Patterns, B16 - Moss Trim Lines, C2 - Dry-Season Water Table, C8 - Crayfish Burrows, C9 - Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery, D1 - Stunted or Stressed Plants, D2 - Geomorphic Position, D3 - Shallow Aquitard, D4 - Microtopographic Relief, D5 - FAC-Neutral Test

Field Observations:
Surface Water Present?
Water Table Present?
Saturation Present?
Depth: (in.)
Wetland Hydrology Present?
Remarks: Statewide drought

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: N/A

SOILS

Map Unit Name: Telos-Chesuncook association, 3 to 15 percent slopes
Series Drainage Class: Somewhat poorly drained
Taxonomy (Subgroup): Loamy, isotic, frigid, shallow Aquic Haplorthods

Profile Description table with columns: Top Depth, Bottom Depth, Horizon, Matrix (Color, %), Mottles (Color, %, Type, Location), Texture (e.g. clay, sand, loam)

NRCS Hydric Soil Field Indicators (check here if indicators are not present)
Indicators for Problematic Soils
A1 - Histosol, A2 - Histic Epipedon, A3 - Black Histic, A4 - Hydrogen Sulfide, A5 - Stratified Layers, A11 - Depleted Below Dark Surface, A12 - Thick Dark Surface, S1 - Sandy Muck Mineral, S4 - Sandy Gleyed Matrix, S5 - Sandy Redox, S6 - Stripped Matrix, S7 - Dark Surface, S8 - Polyvalue Below Surface, S9 - Thin Dark Surface, F1 - Loamy Mucky Mineral, F2 - Loamy Gleyed Matrix, F3 - Depleted Matrix, F6 - Redox Dark Surface, F7 - Depleted Dark Surface, F8 - Redox Depressions, A10 - 2 cm Muck, A16 - Coast Prairie Redox, S3 - 5cm Mucky Peat of Peat, S7 - Dark Surface, S8 - Polyvalue Below Surface, S9 - Thin Dark Surface, F12 - Iron-Manganese Masses, F19 - Piedmont Floodplain Soils, TA6 - Mesic Spodic, TF2 - Red Parent Material, TF12 - Very Shallow Dark Surface, Other (Explain in Remarks)

Restrictive Layer (If Observed) Type: None Depth:
Hydric Soil Present?
Remarks:



TETRA TECH

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM
Northeast and Northcentral Region

Project/Site: Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Wetland ID: W20EI

Sample Point Upland

VEGETATION (Species identified in all uppercase are non-native species.)

Table with columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows include Betula papyrifera, Betula alleghaniensis, Acer rubrum, and others.

Total Cover = 55

Table for Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 5 meter radius) with columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status.

Total Cover = 30

Table for Herb Stratum (Plot size: 2 meter radius) with columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status.

Total Cover = 54

Table for Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 10 meter radius) with columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status.

Total Cover = 0

Remarks:

Additional Remarks:

Dominance Test Worksheet

Number of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 3 (A)

Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 8 (B)

Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 37.5% (A/B)

Prevalence Index Worksheet

Table for Prevalence Index Worksheet showing Total % Cover of species (OBL, FACW, FAC, UPL) multiplied by their respective indices to get a total of 485 (B), and a final Prevalence Index of 3.489.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:

- Checkboxes for indicators: Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation, Dominance Test is > 50%, Prevalence Index is <= 3.0, Morphological Adaptations (Explain), Problem Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain).

* Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Definitions of Vegetation Strata:

Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.

Sapling/Shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft. tall.

Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft. tall.

Woody Vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft. in height.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present [] Yes [x] No



TETRA TECH

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM
Northeast and Northcentral Region

Project/Site: Western Maine Renewable Energy Project
Applicant: Western Maine Renewables, LLC
Investigator #1: Emmy Irvin
Investigator #2:
Date: 09/09/20
County: Somerset
State: ME
Wetland ID: W20EI
Sample Point: Wetland
Soil Unit: Telos-Chesuncook association, 3 to 15 percent slopes, very stony
Landform: Terrace
Slope (%): See topo map
Latitude: 45.150300
Longitude: -69.853612
Datum: NAD 83
NWI/WWI Classification: PFO
Local Relief: Linear

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? [x] Yes [] No
Wetland Hydrology Present? [x] Yes [] No
Hydric Soils Present? [] Yes [] No
Is This Sampling Point Within A Wetland? [x] Yes [] No

Remarks: Statewide drought

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators (Check here if indicators are not present)
Primary:
[] A1 - Surface Water
[] A2 - High Water Table
[] A3 - Saturation
[] B1 - Water Marks
[] B2 - Sediment Deposits
[] B3 - Drift Deposits
[] B4 - Algal Mat or Crust
[] B5 - Iron Deposits
[] B7 - Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery
[] B8 - Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface
Secondary:
[] B6 - Surface Soil Cracks
[] B10 - Drainage Patterns
[] B16 - Moss Trim Lines
[] C2 - Dry-Season Water Table
[] C8 - Crayfish Burrows
[] C9 - Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery
[] D1 - Stunted or Stressed Plants
[] D2 - Geomorphic Position
[] D3 - Shallow Aquitard
[] D4 - Microtopographic Relief
[] D5 - FAC-Neutral Test

Field Observations:
Surface Water Present? [] Yes [] No
Water Table Present? [] Yes [] No
Saturation Present? [] Yes [] No
Depth: (in.)
Wetland Hydrology Present? [x] Yes [] No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: N/A

Remarks: Statewide drought

SOILS

Map Unit Name: Telos-Chesuncook association, 3 to 15 percent slopes, very stony
Series Drainage Class: somewhat poorly drained
Taxonomy (Subgroup): Loamy, isotic, frigid, shallow Aquic Haplorthods

Profile Description (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Table with columns: Top Depth, Bottom Depth, Horizon, Matrix (Color (Moist), %), Mottles (Color (Moist), %), Type, Location, Texture (e.g. clay, sand, loam)

NRCS Hydric Soil Field Indicators (check here if indicators are not present)
[] A1- Histic Epipedon
[] A2 - Histic Epipedon
[] A3 - Black Histic
[] A4 - Hydrogen Sulfide
[] A5 - Stratified Layers
[] A11 - Depleted Below Dark Surface
[x] A12 - Thick Dark Surface
[] S1 - Sandy Mucky Mineral
[] S4 - Sandy Gleyed Matrix
[] S5 - Sandy Redox
[] S6 - Stripped Matrix
[] S7 - Dark Surface (LRR R, MLRA 149B)
[] S8 - Polyvalue Below Surface (LRR R, MLRA 149B)
[] S9 - Thin Dark Surface (LRR R, MLRA 149B)
[] F1 - Loamy Mucky Mineral (LRR K, L)
[] F2 - Loamy Gleyed Matrix
[] F3 - Depleted Matrix
[] F6 - Redox Dark Surface
[] F7 - Depleted Dark Surface
[] F8 - Redox Depressions
Indicators for Problematic Soils 1
[] A10 - 2 cm Muck (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B)
[] A16 - Coast Prairie Redox (LRR K, L, R)
[] S3 - 5cm Mucky Peat of Peat (LRR K, L, R)
[] S7 - Dark Surface (LRR K, L, M)
[] S8 - Polyvalue Below Surface (LRR K, L)
[] S9 - Thin Dark Surface (LRR K, L)
[] F12 - Iron-Manganese Masses (LRR K, L, R)
[] F19 - Piedmont Floodplain Soils (MLRA 149B)
[] TA6 - Mesic Spodic (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B)
[] TF2 - Red Parent Material
[] TF12 - Very Shallow Dark Surface
[] Other (Explain in Remarks)

Restrictive Layer (If Observed) Type: none Depth:
Hydric Soil Present? [] Yes [] No

Remarks:



TETRA TECH

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM
Northeast and Northcentral Region

Project/Site: Western Maine Renewable Energy Project Wetland ID: W20EI Sample Point Wetland

VEGETATION (Species identified in all uppercase are non-native species.)

Table with 5 columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows include Fraxinus nigra, Acer rubrum, Betula papyrifera, Tsuga canadensis, Picea rubens.

Total Cover = 95

Table with 5 columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows include Acer rubrum, Thuja occidentalis, Populus grandidentata.

Total Cover = 21

Table with 5 columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows include Acer rubrum, Onoclea sensibilis, Solidago canadensis, Rubus hispidus, Carex stricta, Cornus canadensis, Symphyotrichum novae-angliae, Medeola virginiana, Maianthemum canadense, Ribes lacustre.

Total Cover = 89

Table with 5 columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows are mostly empty, indicating no species identified in this stratum.

Total Cover = 0

Remarks:

Additional Remarks:

Dominance Test Worksheet

Number of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 9 (A)
Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 10 (B)
Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 90.0% (A/B)

Prevalence Index Worksheet

Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
OBL spp. 10 x 1 = 10
FACW spp. 86 x 2 = 172
FAC spp. 55 x 3 = 165
FACU spp. 54 x 4 = 216
UPL spp. 0 x 5 = 0
Total 205 (A) 563 (B)
Prevalence Index = B/A = 2.746

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:

- Yes No Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
Yes No Dominance Test is > 50%
Yes No Prevalence Index is <= 3.0 *
Yes No Morphological Adaptations (Explain) *
Yes No Problem Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain) *

* Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Definitions of Vegetation Strata:

Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.

Sapling/Shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft. tall.

Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft. tall.

Woody Vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft. in height.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present [X] Yes [] No



TETRA TECH

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM
Northeast and Northcentral Region

Project/Site: Western Maine Renewable Energy Project
Applicant: Western Maine Renewables, LLC
Investigator #1: Emmy Irvin
Investigator #2:
Soil Unit: Chesuncook-Elliottsville-Telos association, 3 to 15%
Landform: Terrace
Slope (%): See topo map
Latitude: 45.140627
Longitude: -69.8696469
Datum: NAD 83
Date: 09/09/20
County: Somerset
State: ME
Wetland ID: W47EI
Sample Point: Upland
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? (If no, explain in remarks)
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significantly disturbed?
Are normal circumstances present?

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?
Wetland Hydrology Present?
Remarks: Statewide drought
Hydric Soils Present?
Is This Sampling Point Within A Wetland?

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators (Check here if indicators are not present)
Primary: A1 - Surface Water, A2 - High Water Table, A3 - Saturation, B1 - Water Marks, B2 - Sediment Deposits, B3 - Drift Deposits, B4 - Algal Mat or Crust, B5 - Iron Deposits, B7 - Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery, B8 - Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface
Secondary: B6 - Surface Soil Cracks, B10 - Drainage Patterns, B16 - Moss Trim Lines, C2 - Dry-Season Water Table, C8 - Crayfish Burrows, C9 - Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery, D1 - Stunted or Stressed Plants, D2 - Geomorphic Position, D3 - Shallow Aquitard, D4 - Microtopographic Relief, D5 - FAC-Neutral Test

Field Observations:
Surface Water Present?
Water Table Present?
Saturation Present?
Depth: (in.)
Wetland Hydrology Present?

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: N/A

Remarks: Statewide drought

SOILS

Map Unit Name: Chesuncook-Elliottsville-Telos association, 3 to 15%
Series Drainage Class: moderately well drained
Taxonomy (Subgroup): Coarse-loamy, isotic, frigid Aquic Haplorthods

Profile Description (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) (Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered/Coated Sand Grains; Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix)

Table with columns: Top Depth, Bottom Depth, Horizon, Matrix (Color (Moist), %), Mottles (Color (Moist), %, Type, Location), Texture (e.g. clay, sand, loam). Row 1: 0, 12, --, 10YR, 5/3, 100, --, --, --, --, --, fine sandy loam.

NRCS Hydric Soil Field Indicators (check here if indicators are not present)
Indicators for Problematic Soils
A1 - Histosol, A2 - Histic Epipedon, A3 - Black Histic, A4 - Hydrogen Sulfide, A5 - Stratified Layers, A11 - Depleted Below Dark Surface, A12 - Thick Dark Surface, S1 - Sandy Mucky Mineral, S4 - Sandy Gleyed Matrix, S5 - Sandy Redox, S6 - Stripped Matrix, S7 - Dark Surface
S8 - Polyvalue Below Surface, S9 - Thin Dark Surface, F1 - Loamy Mucky Mineral, F2 - Loamy Gleyed Matrix, F3 - Depleted Matrix, F6 - Redox Dark Surface, F7 - Depleted Dark Surface, F8 - Redox Depressions, A10 - 2 cm Muck, A16 - Coast Prairie Redox, S3 - 5cm Mucky Peat of Peat, S7 - Dark Surface, S8 - Polyvalue Below Surface, S9 - Thin Dark Surface, F12 - Iron-Manganese Masses, F19 - Piedmont Floodplain Soils, TA6 - Mesic Spodic, TF2 - Red Parent Material, TF12 - Very Shallow Dark Surface, Other (Explain in Remarks)

Restrictive Layer (If Observed) Type: NR Depth: 12
Hydric Soil Present?

Remarks:



TETRA TECH

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM
Northeast and Northcentral Region

Project/Site: Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Wetland ID: W47EI

Sample Point Upland

VEGETATION (Species identified in all uppercase are non-native species.)

Table with 5 columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows include Betula lenta, Acer rubrum, Fraxinus nigra.

Total Cover = 100

Table with 5 columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows include Acer pensylvanicum, Betula lenta, Acer rubrum.

Total Cover = 35

Table with 5 columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows include Medeola virginiana, Polystichum acrostichoides, Phegopteris hexagonoptera, Athyrium angustum.

Total Cover = 35

Table with 5 columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows are mostly empty.

Total Cover = 0

Remarks:

Additional Remarks:

Dominance Test Worksheet

Number of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 1 (A)

Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B)

Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 25.0% (A/B)

Prevalence Index Worksheet

Table for Prevalence Index Worksheet with columns: Total % Cover of, Multiply by, and calculation results for OBL, FACW, FAC, and UPL species.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:

- Checkboxes for indicators: Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation, Dominance Test is > 50%, Prevalence Index is <= 3.0, Morphological Adaptations (Explain), Problem Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain).

* Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Definitions of Vegetation Strata:

Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.

Sapling/Shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft. tall.

Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft. tall.

Woody Vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft. in height.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present [] Yes [x] No



TETRA TECH

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM
Northeast and Northcentral Region

Project/Site: Western Maine Renewable Energy Project
Applicant: Western Maine Renewables, LLC
Investigator #1: Emmy Irvin
Investigator #2:
Soil Unit: Chesuncook-Elliottsville-Telos association, 3 to 15%
Landform: Terrace
Slope (%): See topo map
Latitude: 45.140674
Longitude: -69.869728
Datum: NAD 83
Date: 09/09/20
County: Somerset
State: ME
Wetland ID: W47EI
Sample Point: Wetland
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? (If no, explain in remarks)
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significantly disturbed?
Are normal circumstances present?

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?
Wetland Hydrology Present?
Hydric Soils Present?
Is This Sampling Point Within A Wetland?

Remarks: Statewide drought

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators (Check here if indicators are not present)
Primary: A1 - Surface Water, A2 - High Water Table, A3 - Saturation, B1 - Water Marks, B2 - Sediment Deposits, B3 - Drift Deposits, B4 - Algal Mat or Crust, B5 - Iron Deposits, B7 - Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery, B8 - Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface
Secondary: B6 - Surface Soil Cracks, B10 - Drainage Patterns, B16 - Moss Trim Lines, C2 - Dry-Season Water Table, C8 - Crayfish Burrows, C9 - Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery, D1 - Stunted or Stressed Plants, D2 - Geomorphic Position, D3 - Shallow Aquitard, D4 - Microtopographic Relief, D5 - FAC-Neutral Test

Field Observations:
Surface Water Present?
Water Table Present?
Saturation Present?
Depth: (in.)
Wetland Hydrology Present?

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: N/A

Remarks: Statewide drought

SOILS

Map Unit Name: Chesuncook-Elliottsville-Telos association, 3 to 15%
Series Drainage Class: moderately well drained
Taxonomy (Subgroup): Coarse-loamy, isotic, frigid Aquic Haplorthods

Profile Description (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Table with columns: Top Depth, Bottom Depth, Horizon, Matrix (Color, %), Mottles (Color, %, Type, Location), Texture (e.g. clay, sand, loam)

NRCS Hydric Soil Field Indicators (check here if indicators are not present)
Indicators for Problematic Soils
A1 - Histosol, A2 - Histic Epipedon, A3 - Black Histic, A4 - Hydrogen Sulfide, A5 - Stratified Layers, A11 - Depleted Below Dark Surface, A12 - Thick Dark Surface, S1 - Sandy Mucky Mineral, S4 - Sandy Gleyed Matrix, S5 - Sandy Redox, S6 - Stripped Matrix, S7 - Dark Surface
S8 - Polyvalue Below Surface, S9 - Thin Dark Surface, F1 - Loamy Mucky Mineral, F2 - Loamy Gleyed Matrix, F3 - Depleted Matrix, F6 - Redox Dark Surface, F7 - Depleted Dark Surface, F8 - Redox Depressions
A10 - 2 cm Muck, A16 - Coast Prairie Redox, S3 - 5cm Mucky Peat of Peat, S7 - Dark Surface, S8 - Polyvalue Below Surface, S9 - Thin Dark Surface, F12 - Iron-Manganese Masses, F19 - Piedmont Floodplain Soils, TA6 - Mesic Spodic, TF2 - Red Parent Material, TF12 - Very Shallow Dark Surface

Restrictive Layer (If Observed) Type: LEDGE Depth: 14
Hydric Soil Present?

Remarks:



TETRA TECH

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM
Northeast and Northcentral Region

Project/Site: Western Maine Renewable Energy Project

Wetland ID: W47EI

Sample Point Wetland

VEGETATION (Species identified in all uppercase are non-native species.)

Table with columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows include Larix laricina, Acer rubrum, Fraxinus nigra.

Total Cover = 100

Table with columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows include Picea mariana, Acer rubrum, Fraxinus nigra.

Total Cover = 15

Table with columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows include Onoclea sensibilis, Parathelypteris noveboracensis, Calamagrostis canadensis, Fragaria vesca.

Total Cover = 100

Table with columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows include empty entries.

Total Cover = 0

Remarks:

Additional Remarks:

Dominance Test Worksheet

Number of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 3 (A)

Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B)

Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 75.0% (A/B)

Prevalence Index Worksheet

Table for Prevalence Index Worksheet showing calculations for OBL, FACW, FAC, FACU, and UPL species, resulting in a Prevalence Index of 2.488.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:

- Checkboxes for indicators: Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation, Dominance Test is > 50%, Prevalence Index is <= 3.0, Morphological Adaptations (Explain), Problem Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain).

* Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Definitions of Vegetation Strata:

Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.

Sapling/Shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft. tall.

Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft. tall.

Woody Vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft. in height.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present [checked] Yes [] No



TETRA TECH

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM
Northeast and Northcentral Region

Project/Site: Moscow Renewable Energy Project
Applicant: Patriot Renewables
Investigator #1: Nicc Johnson
Investigator #2: Emmy Irvin
Soil Unit: Monarda-Telos complex, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony
Landform: Terrace
Slope (%): See topo map
Latitude: 45.136905
Longitude: -69.8302848
Datum: NAD 83
Date: 09/09/20
County: Somerset
State: ME
Wetland ID: W106EI
Sample Point: Upland

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?
Wetland Hydrology Present?
Hydric Soils Present?
Is This Sampling Point Within A Wetland?

Remarks: Statewide drought

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators (Check here if indicators are not present)
Primary: A1 - Surface Water, A2 - High Water Table, A3 - Saturation, B1 - Water Marks, B2 - Sediment Deposits, B3 - Drift Deposits, B4 - Algal Mat or Crust, B5 - Iron Deposits, B7 - Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery, B8 - Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface
Secondary: B6 - Surface Soil Cracks, B10 - Drainage Patterns, B16 - Moss Trim Lines, C2 - Dry-Season Water Table, C8 - Crayfish Burrows, C9 - Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery, D1 - Stunted or Stressed Plants, D2 - Geomorphic Position, D3 - Shallow Aquitard, D4 - Microtopographic Relief, D5 - FAC-Neutral Test

Field Observations:
Surface Water Present?
Water Table Present?
Saturation Present?
Depth: (in.)
Wetland Hydrology Present?

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: N/A

Remarks: Statewide drought

SOILS

Map Unit Name: Monarda-Telos complex, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony
Series Drainage Class: [E.g. moderately well, poorly, etc]

Taxonomy (Subgroup):

Profile Description (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Table with columns: Top Depth, Bottom Depth, Horizon, Matrix (Color (Moist), %), Mottles (Color (Moist), %, Type, Location), Texture (e.g. clay, sand, loam). Row 1: 0, 12, --, 10YR, 4/3, 100, --, --, --, --, --, FINE SANDY LOAM.

NRCS Hydric Soil Field Indicators (check here if indicators are not present)
Indicators for Problematic Soils 1
A1 - Histosol, A2 - Histic Epipedon, A3 - Black Histic, A4 - Hydrogen Sulfide, A5 - Stratified Layers, A11 - Depleted Below Dark Surface, A12 - Thick Dark Surface, S1 - Sandy Mucky Mineral, S4 - Sandy Gleyed Matrix, S5 - Sandy Redox, S6 - Stripped Matrix, S7 - Dark Surface (LRR R, MLRA 149B)
S8 - Polyvalue Below Surface (LRR R, MLRA 149B), S9 - Thin Dark Surface (LRR R, MLRA 149B), F1 - Loamy Mucky Mineral (LRR K, L), F2 - Loamy Gleyed Matrix, F3 - Depleted Matrix, F6 - Redox Dark Surface, F7 - Depleted Dark Surface, F8 - Redox Depressions
A10 - 2 cm Muck (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B), A16 - Coast Prairie Redox (LRR K, L, R), S3 - 5cm Mucky Peat of Peat (LRR K, L, R), S7 - Dark Surface (LRR K, L, M), S8 - Polyvalue Below Surface (LRR K, L), S9 - Thin Dark Surface (LRR K, L), F12 - Iron-Manganese Masses (LRR K, L, R), F19 - Piedmont Floodplain Soils (MLRA 149B), TA6 - Mesic Spodic (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B), TF2 - Red Parent Material, TF12 - Very Shallow Dark Surface, Other (Explain in Remarks)

Restrictive Layer (If Observed) Type: Depth: Hydric Soil Present? Yes No

Remarks:



TETRA TECH

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM
Northeast and Northcentral Region

Project/Site: Moscow Renewable Energy Project

Wetland ID: W106EI

Sample Point Upland

VEGETATION (Species identified in all uppercase are non-native species.)

Table with 5 columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows 1-10 for Tree Stratum (Plot size: 10 meter radius). Total Cover = 0.

Total Cover = 0

Table with 5 columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows 1-10 for Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 5 meter radius). Total Cover = 0.

Total Cover = 0

Table with 5 columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows 1-15 for Herb Stratum (Plot size: 2 meter radius). Total Cover = 55.

Total Cover = 55

Table with 5 columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows 1-5 for Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 10 meter radius). Total Cover = 0.

Total Cover = 0

Remarks:

Additional Remarks:

Dominance Test Worksheet

Number of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0 (A)

Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 2 (B)

Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0.0% (A/B)

Prevalence Index Worksheet

Table for Prevalence Index Worksheet showing Total % Cover of OBL, FACW, FAC, FACU, UPL spp. and Multiply by factors. Total 55 (A), 220 (B). Prevalence Index = B/A = 4.000.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:

- Checkboxes for indicators: Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation, Dominance Test is > 50%, Prevalence Index is <= 3.0, Morphological Adaptations (Explain), Problem Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain).

* Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Definitions of Vegetation Strata:

Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.

Sapling/Shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft. tall.

Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft. tall.

Woody Vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft. in height.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present [] Yes [x] No



TETRA TECH

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM
Northeast and Northcentral Region

Project/Site: Western Maine Renewable Energy Project
Applicant: Western Maine Renewables, LLC
Investigator #1: Emmy Irvin
Investigator #2:
Soil Unit: Monarda-Telos complex, 0 to 8 percent slopes
Landform: Terrace
Slope (%): See topo map
Latitude: 45.156731
Longitude: -69.85413
Datum: NAD 83
Date: 09/09/20
County: Somerset
State: ME
Wetland ID: W106E1
Sample Point: Wetland

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? [x] Yes [] No
Wetland Hydrology Present? [x] Yes [] No
Hydric Soils Present? [] Yes [x] No
Is This Sampling Point Within A Wetland? [x] Yes [] No

Remarks: Statewide drought. Area is highly disturbed

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators (Check here if indicators are not present []
Primary:
[] A1 - Surface Water
[] A2 - High Water Table
[] A3 - Saturation
[] B1 - Water Marks
[] B2 - Sediment Deposits
[] B3 - Drift Deposits
[] B4 - Algal Mat or Crust
[] B5 - Iron Deposits
[] B7 - Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery
[] B8 - Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface
Secondary:
[] B6 - Surface Soil Cracks
[] B10 - Drainage Patterns
[] B16 - Moss Trim Lines
[] C2 - Dry-Season Water Table
[] C8 - Crayfish Burrows
[] C9 - Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery
[x] D1 - Stunted or Stressed Plants
[x] D2 - Geomorphic Position
[] D3 - Shallow Aquitard
[] D4 - Microtopographic Relief
[x] D5 - FAC-Neutral Test

Field Observations:
Surface Water Present? [] Yes [x] No
Water Table Present? [] Yes [x] No
Saturation Present? [] Yes [x] No
Depth: (in.)
Wetland Hydrology Present? [x] Yes [] No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: N/A

Remarks: Statewide drought. Area is highly disturbed

SOILS

Map Unit Name: Monarda-Telos complex, 0 to 8 percent slopes
Series Drainage Class: Somewhat poorly drained
Taxonomy (Subgroup): Loamy, mixed, active, acid, frigid, shallow Aeric Endoaquepts

Profile Description table with columns: Top Depth, Bottom Depth, Horizon, Matrix (Color, %), Mottles (Color, %, Type, Location), Texture (e.g. clay, sand, loam)

NRCS Hydric Soil Field Indicators (check here if indicators are not present [x]:
A1- Histosol
A2 - Histic Epipedon
A3 - Black Histic
A4 - Hydrogen Sulfide
A5 - Stratified Layers
A11 - Depleted Below Dark Surface
A12 - Thick Dark Surface
S1 - Sandy Mucky Mineral
S4 - Sandy Gleyed Matrix
S5 - Sandy Redox
S6 - Stripped Matrix
S7 - Dark Surface (LRR R, MLRA 149B)
S8 - Polyvalue Below Surface (LRR R, MLRA 149B)
S9 - Thin Dark Surface (LRR R, MLRA 149B)
F1 - Loamy Mucky Mineral (LRR K, L)
F2 - Loamy Gleyed Matrix
F3 - Depleted Matrix
F6 - Redox Dark Surface
F7 - Depleted Dark Surface
F8 - Redox Depressions
Indicators for Problematic Soils 1:
A10 - 2 cm Muck (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B)
A16 - Coast Prairie Redox (LRR K, L, R)
S3 - 5cm Mucky Peat of Peat (LRR K, L, R)
S7 - Dark Surface (LRR K, L, M)
S8 - Polyvalue Below Surface (LRR K, L)
S9 - Thin Dark Surface (LRR K, L)
F12 - Iron-Manganese Masses (LRR K, L, R)
F19 - Piedmont Floodplain Soils (MLRA 149B)
TA6 - Mesic Spodic (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B)
TF2 - Red Parent Material
TF12 - Very Shallow Dark Surface
[x] Other (Explain in Remarks)

Restrictive Layer (If Observed) Type: ledge Depth: 10
Hydric Soil Present? [] Yes [x] No

Remarks: soils are highly disturbed



TETRA TECH

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM
Northeast and Northcentral Region

Project/Site: Western Maine Renewable Energy Project Wetland ID: W106EI Sample Point Wetland

VEGETATION (Species identified in all uppercase are non-native species.)

Table with 5 columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows 1-10 for Tree Stratum (Plot size: 10 meter radius).

Total Cover = 0

Table with 5 columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows 1-10 for Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 5 meter radius).

Total Cover = 20

Table with 5 columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows 1-15 for Herb Stratum (Plot size: 2 meter radius).

Total Cover = 80

Table with 5 columns: Species Name, % Cover, Dominant, Ind. Status. Rows 1-5 for Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 10 meter radius).

Total Cover = 0

Remarks:

Additional Remarks:

Dominance Test Worksheet

Number of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0 (A)

Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B)

Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0.0% (A/B)

Prevalence Index Worksheet

Table for Prevalence Index Worksheet showing Total % Cover of OBL, FACW, FAC, and UPL spp. multiplied by their respective indices (1-5) to get a total of 355 (B). Prevalence Index = B/A = 3.550.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:

- Checkboxes for indicators: Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation, Dominance Test is > 50%, Prevalence Index is <= 3.0, Morphological Adaptations (Explain), Problem Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain).

* Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Definitions of Vegetation Strata:

Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.

Sapling/Shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft. tall.

Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft. tall.

Woody Vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft. in height.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present [checked] Yes [] No

Appendix E. Representative Photographs

Appendix D
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project
Representative Site Photographs

Vernal Pools

Photo: 01

Description: Vernal pool VP19CP, a significant vernal pool.

Date: May 6, 2020

Source: Tetra Tech, Inc.



Photo: 02

Description: Vernal pool VP19CP, a significant vernal pool. Photo depicts spotted salamander (*Ambystoma maculatum*) egg masses observed in the pool.

Date: May 20, 2020

Source: Tetra Tech, Inc.



Appendix D
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project
Representative Site Photographs

Photo: 03

Description: Vernal pool VP40DS, a natural-modified, significant vernal pool.

Date: May 6, 2020

Source: Tetra Tech, Inc.



Wetlands

Photo: 04

Description: Wetland W17DS, located adjacent to clearing near USAF Radar Station field road berm. Trees have buttressed roots with saturated soils present.

Date: June 2, 2020

Source: Tetra Tech, Inc.



Appendix D
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project
Representative Site Photographs

Photo: 05

Description: Wetland W60EI; watercourse S32EI runs through the northeast section of the wetland.

Date: June 22, 2020

Source: Tetra Tech, Inc.



Photo: 06

Description: Wetland W08EI; typical forested wetland with shallow soils to bedrock. Dark organic soils with depleted matrix 2–6 inches above rock ledge.

Date: June 2, 2020

Source: Tetra Tech, Inc.



Appendix D
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project
Representative Site Photographs

Photo: 07

Description: Wetland
W17E1; larger forested
wetland with shallow soils.

Date: June 4, 2020

Source: Tetra Tech, Inc.



Photo: 08

Description: Typical
regenerating trees in
upland forested area.

Date: June 16, 2020

Source: Tetra Tech, Inc.



Appendix D
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project
Representative Site Photographs

Photo: 09

Description: Wetland W34EI; depressional, emergent, wetland that is surrounded by upland forest.

Date: June 16, 2020

Source: Tetra Tech, Inc.



Photo: 10

Description: Wetland W30EI; seepy wetland on hillslope shallow, dark organic muck over ledge/rock material; disturbed from timber harvest activities.

Date: June 15, 2020

Source: Tetra Tech, Inc.



Appendix D
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project
Representative Site Photographs

Photo: 11

Description: Wetland
W61EI; emergent,
naturalized, depression
adjacent to the road.

Date: June 23, 2020

Source: Tetra Tech, Inc.



Photo: 12

Description: Wetland
W43EI; forested isolated
depression.

Date: June 16, 2020

Source: Tetra Tech, Inc.



Appendix D
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project
Representative Site Photographs

Photo: 13

Description: Wetland W21DS; emergent wetland in USAF Radar Station field. Some portions of the wetland continue into a forested area.

Date: May 5, 2020

Source: Tetra Tech, Inc.



Photo: 14

Description: Wetland W06KN continues off-Site and contains a watercourse that flows into Chase Pond.

Date: December 22, 2020

Source: Tetra Tech, Inc.



Appendix D
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project
Representative Site Photographs

Watercourses

Photo: 15

Description: Ephemeral watercourse S24EI; flows southeast from wetlands W49EI to W48EI.

Date: June 17, 2020, 2020

Source: Tetra Tech, Inc.



Photo: 16

Description: Intermittent watercourse S32EI; crosses the Study Area. Ephemeral watercourse S33EI is a tributary to this watercourse, and both flow through wetland W59EI.

Date: June 22, 2020

Source: Tetra Tech, Inc.



Appendix D
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project
Representative Site Photographs

Photo: 17

Description: Perennial watercourse S51E1 (Bassett Brook); flows south and is crossed by a road proposed for accessing the western turbine pad locations.

Date: July 21, 2020

Source: Tetra Tech, Inc.



Photo: 18

Description: Watercourse S51E1 (Bassett Brook); Photo of the approximately 7-foot culvert outlet with some damage.

Date: September 10, 2020

Source: Tetra Tech, Inc.



Appendix D
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project
Representative Site Photographs

Photo: 19

Description: Intermittent watercourse S52EI; crosses a road that is proposed for accessing the western turbine locations.

Date: September 23, 2020

Source: Tetra Tech, Inc.



Photo: 20

Description: Watercourse S01KN flows south through a culvert in a road, towards Chase Pond.

Date: December 22, 2020

Source: Tetra Tech, Inc.



Appendix D
Western Maine Renewable Energy Project
Representative Site Photographs

Photo: 21

Description: General overview photo of a USAF Radar Station field. Note stunted vegetation in foreground and regenerating forested area in background.

Date: June 4, 2020

Source: Tetra Tech, Inc.



Photo: 22

Description: Stream Road, facing south.

Date: June 23, 2020

Source: Tetra Tech, Inc.

