

2026 Fair Packet

Maine Fairs Livestock Superintendents,

This packet has been made as a reference guide for fair staff and participants. We are hopeful for a successful fair season and look forward to attending the fairs and supporting you all.

Included are some general guidance for:

- Official Animal ID Guide
- Exhibitor Guidelines

Guidance Documents for Specific Species:

- Cattle
- Goats
- Poultry/Waterfowl
- Rabbits
- Sheep
- Swine

HPAI in poultry and cattle continues to be an emerging situation. Biosecurity is the first defense against this disease and many others. ME DACF has webpages that are regularly updated concerning HPAI. Please check our website www.maine.gov/dacf/animalhealth for updates.

The website also has a special page just for fairs. The orange FAIR button on the homepage will take you to this page. All of the fair packet PDF components can be downloaded from there for convenience.

As a reminder livestock superintendents can request Animal Health staff support by visiting our website or calling (207) 287-3701 and selecting option 7.

If your fair would like to request a specific day for Animal Health staff to be present at the fair please have your request at least 7 business days prior to the requested date of attendance.

Sincerely,

Maine DACF Animal Health Staff



Visit the ME DACF Animal Health
Fair Page
by scanning the QR code

EVENTS & FAIRS CHECKLIST



OFFICIAL CERTIFICATE OF VETERINARY INSPECTION (CVI)

- Is a current 2026 season NE CVI with the destination listed on it.
- Is written specifically for the event and is dated within the past 30 days and appears to be unaltered.
- All animal ID listed on the CVI matches the animal ID on the animals present.
- Out-of-state lactating dairy cattle need HPAI testing within 7 days of travel into Maine per the Federal Order.
- Remember, Maine animals traveling in state do not need a CVI!

ANIMAL IDENTIFICATION

- All livestock of any age must have USDA official ID.
- The tag is properly secured in the ear.
- The tag has a US shield on it.
- Microchip numbers must start 840.
- Microchips must be implanted. Goats may be tattooed with matching breed registration papers instead of having scrapie ear tags.
- Sheep must be identified with appropriate scrapie tags.
- Farm tags are NOT official ID.

SIGNS OF POOR ANIMAL HEALTH

- Must show no evidence of disease: diarrhea, runny nose, cough etc.
- No recent castration evidence.
- No hair loss, including "healing" ringworm lesions, lice, or mange.
- No scabs, crusts, pimples, blisters or open skin.
- No pink eye or eye injuries.
- No open/draining wounds/abscesses.
- No retained placentas.
- No signs of neurological impairment
- No signs of lameness or pain (teeth grinding/hunched posture/dull/head pressing).

ANIMAL CONDITION

- Body condition score should be within the healthy range for the species.
- Cattle, Sheep, Goats, Camelids & Pigs: ideal BCS range is 3-4 of 5.
- Horses: minimum BCS 2 of 5 or 4 of 9

RECOMMENDED VACCINES

- Rabies for susceptible mammals.
- Appropriate respiratory vaccines.
- Appropriate tetanus/clostridial vaccines.

SIGNS OF DISEASE REFERENCE



BASIC BODY CONDITION SCORING- SHEEP/GOATS/CAMELIDS

How to Condition Score

Score 1



The vertical and horizontal processes are prominent and sharp. The fingers can be pushed easily below the transverse and each process can be felt. The loin is thin with no fat cover.

Score 2



The vertical processes are prominent but smooth; individual processes being felt only as corrugations. The horizontal processes are smooth and rounded, but it is still possible to press fingers under. The loin muscle is a moderate depth but with little fat cover.

Score 3



The vertical processes are smooth and rounded; the bone is only felt with pressure. The horizontal processes are also smooth and well covered; hard pressure is required with the fingers to find the ends. The loin muscle is full and with a moderate fat cover.

Score 4

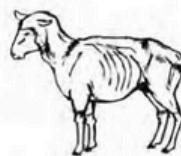


The vertical processes are only detectable as a line. The ends of the horizontal processes cannot be felt. The loin muscles are full and rounded, and have a thick covering of fat.

Score 5

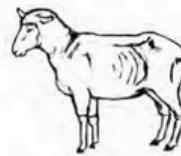


The vertical and transverse processes cannot be detected even with pressure; there is a dimple in the fat layers where the processes should be. The loin muscles are very full and covered with very thick fat.



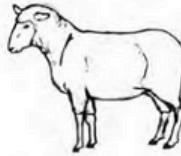
Condition score 1

Appearance angular and narrow
Backbone raised and sharp
Hollow behind ribs
Tail feels bony
Neck bones prominent



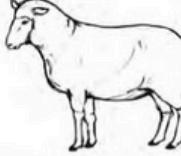
Condition score 2

Backbone raised but smooth
Ribs are easily felt
Tail bone easily detectable
Thin neck



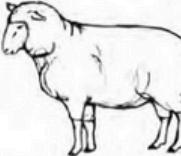
Condition score 3

Backbone slightly raised
Ribs smooth, can just be felt
Tail bones barely detectable



Condition score 4

Appearance well rounded
Backbone can just be felt
Ribs are covered
Tail firm and rounded



Condition score 5

Appearance very well rounded
Backbone barely detectable
Ribs cannot be felt
Tail fat and broad

MAINE ANIMAL HEALTH REFERENCE

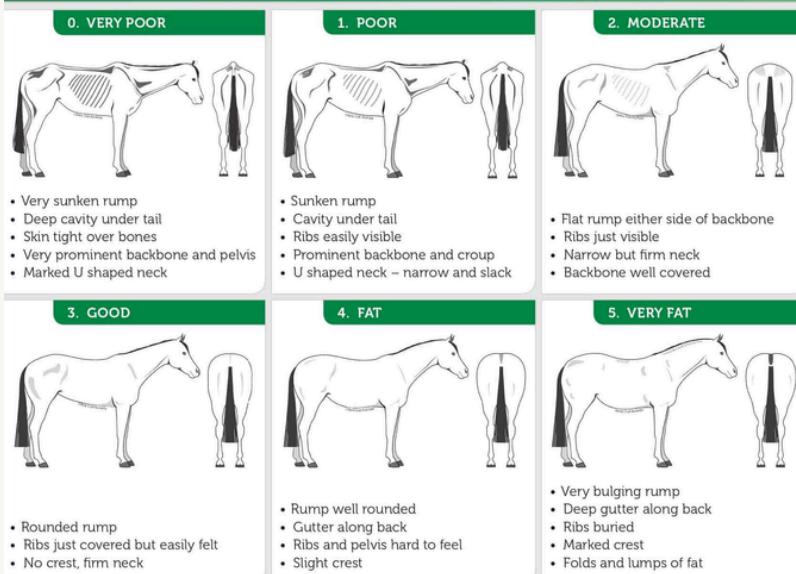
BASIC BODY CONDITION SCORING EQUINE



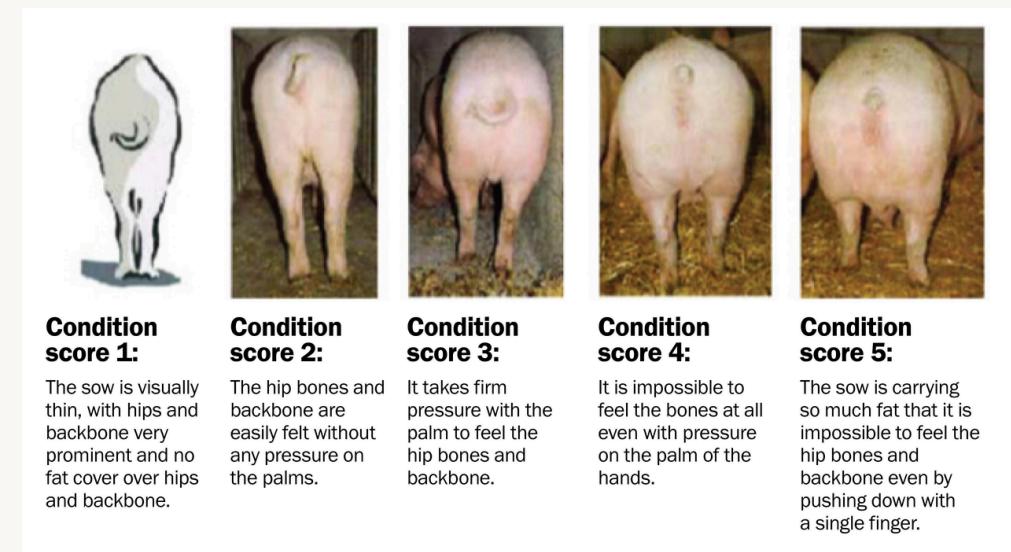
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BODY CONDITION SCORE

SIX POINT SCALE 0 TO 5



BASIC BODY CONDITION SCORING: PIGS

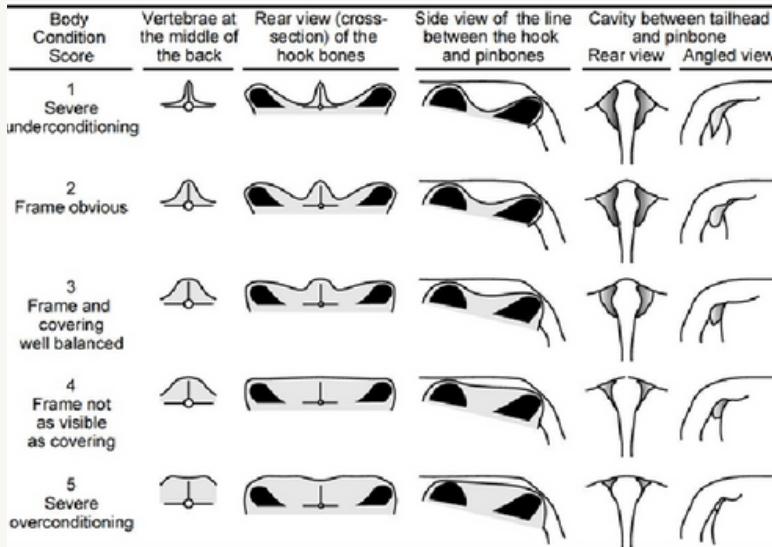


MAINE ANIMAL HEALTH REFERENCE



BASIC BODY CONDITION SCORING: BEEF CATTLE

		Condition score 1 Backbone prominent Hips and shoulder bones prominent Ribs clearly visible Tail-head area recessed Skeletal body outline		1 - Emaciated The individual vertebrae of the spine are prominent. The short ribs are sharp to the touch and give a shelf-like appearance to the loin. The hook and pin bones of the pelvis are well defined. The anal area of the cow is recessed displaying a prominent vulva. Considered unfit to travel.
		Condition score 2 Backbone visible Hips and shoulder bones visible Ribs visible faintly Tail-head area slightly recessed Body outline bony		2 - Thin The short ribs can be felt but are less outstanding. The hook and pin bones are still well-defined, though the area around the anus is less sunken and the vulva is prominent.
		Condition score 3 Hip bones visible faintly Ribs generally not visible Tail-head area not recessed Body outline almost smooth		3 - Average The short ribs are palpable with slight pressure. There is no shelf-like appearance to this area. The spine and hook and pin bones are all rounded and smoothed over. The anal area is filled out, and there is no evidence of fat deposits.
		Condition score 4 Hip bones not visible Ribs well covered Tail-head area slightly lumpy Body outline rounded		4 - Heavy The short ribs are rounded over with no evidence of a shelf-like appearance and may only be felt with firm palpation. The ridge of the backbone is flattened over the loin and rump areas. The hook bones are smoothed over and the area around the pin bones shows some fat deposits.
		Condition score 5 Hip bones showing fat deposit Ribs very well covered Tail-head area very lumpy Body outline bulging due to fat		5 - Fat The bone structures of the spine, hook and pin bones, and short ribs are not discernible. There are fat deposits around the tailhead and over ribs. The thighs curve out and the brisket and flanks appear to be very full and heavy.



MAINE ANIMAL HEALTH REFERENCE

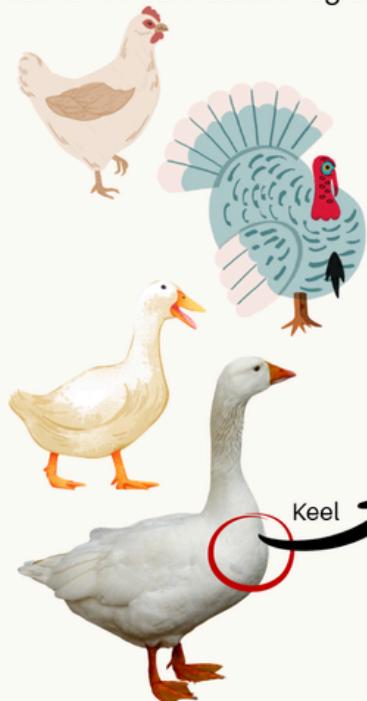


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BASIC BODY CONDITION SCORING: POULTRY

Poultry Body Condition Score

Maine Animal Health Program



	1 EMACIATED	Keel is prominent with a concave appearance on either side. Muscle cover is minimal with trace fat cover.
	2 UNDERCONDITIONED	Keel is evident with a concave appearance on either side. Muscle cover is detectable with little fat cover.
	3 WELL CONDITIONED	Keel has trace prominences with smooth transition side to side with slightly convex appearance due to adequate muscling and fat cover.
	4 OVERCONDITIONED	Keel has no prominences with smooth transition side to side with convex appearance due to adequate muscling and ample fat cover.
	5 OBESE	Keel has no prominences sitting recessed within the layers of muscling and excess fat cover.

MAINE ANIMAL HEALTH REFERENCE



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